

## 使用M0516来驱动TM1812 LED灯条

NuMicro® 32 位系列微控制器范例代码介绍

### 文件信息

代码简述	此范例代码为 M0516 通过 SPI 接口 MOSI 驱动 TM1812
BSP 版本	M051SeriesBSP_CMSIS_Rev3.01.001
开发平台	NuTiny-EVB-M051_V3.0

*The information described in this document is the exclusive intellectual property of Nuvoton Technology Corporation and shall not be reproduced without permission from Nuvoton.*

*Nuvoton is providing this document only for reference purposes of NuMicro microcontroller based system design. Nuvoton assumes no responsibility for errors or omissions.*

*All data and specifications are subject to change without notice.*

*For additional information or questions, please contact: Nuvoton Technology Corporation.*

[www.nuvoton.com](http://www.nuvoton.com)

## 1 功能介绍

### 1.1 简介

此范例代码为 M0516 通过 SPI0 接口 MOSI 去驱动 TM1812 来点亮 RGB-LED 灯条。

### 1.2 原理

TM1812采用单线通讯方式，采用归零码的方式发送信号。芯片在上电复位以后，接收DIN端接收的数据，接收够4组24位后，DO端口开始转发数据，为下一个芯片提供输入数据。在转发之前，DOUT口一直拉低。此时芯片将不接收新的数据，芯片4组OUTR、OUTG、OUTB输出口根据接收到的数据，发出相应的不同占空比的信号，该信号周期为1.3毫秒。如果DIN端输入信号为RESET信号，芯片将接收到的数据送显示，芯片将在该信号结束后重新接收新的数据，在接收完开始的4组24位数据后，通过DOUT口转发数据。



## 2 代码介绍

初始化 SPI0:

```
void SPI_Init(void)
{
    /* Init SPI */
    /* Configure as a master, clock idle low, 24-bit transaction, drive output on
falling clock edge and latch input on rising edge. */
    /* Set IP clock divider. SPI clock rate = 2.5MHz */
    SPI_Open(SPI0, SPI_MASTER, SPI_MODE_0, 24, 2500000);
    /* Enable the automatic hardware slave select function. Select the SS pin and
configure as low-active. */
    SPI_DisableAutoSS(SPI0);
}
```

SPI0 写 RGB 数据到 TM1812:

```
/*
The SPI clock is set at 2.5mhz, or 400NS, and a data bit is represented by a 3-bit SPI
waveform
This expands a data byte to a 24-bit SPI waveform word length
Converting logic 0 into binary 100 is 0x04, which means 400nS high and 800nS low
Converting logic 1 into binary 110 is 0x06, which means 800nS high and 400nS low
so SPI MOSI data to drive TM1812 DIN
*/
void tm1812_write_byte(uint8_t byte)
{
    uint32_t tmp,data=0;
    uint8_t i;
    for(i=0;i<8;i++)
    {
        tmp=(byte&1)?0x06:0x04;
        data|=tmp<<(i*3);
        byte>>=1;
    }
    spi0_write(data);
}
```

### 3 软件与硬件环境

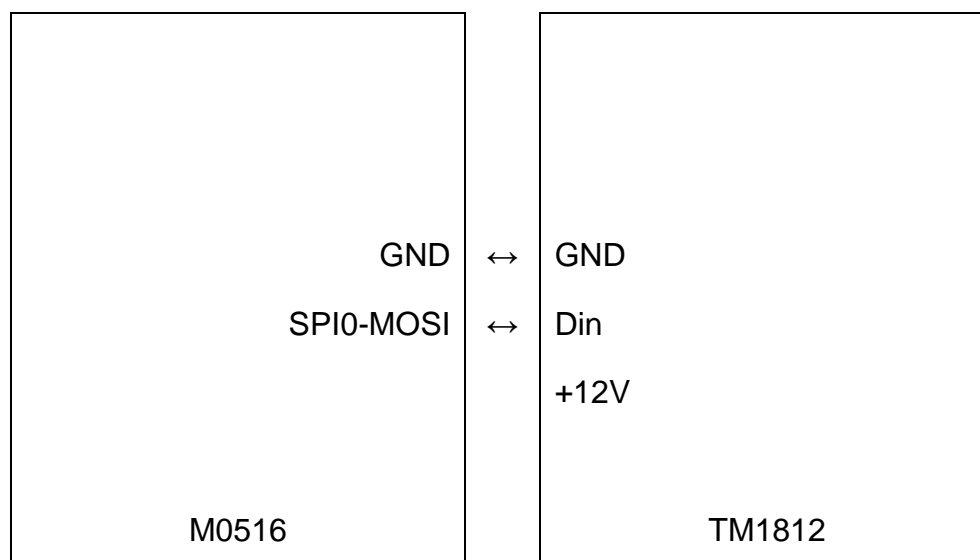
#### ● 软件环境

- BSP 版本
  - ◆ M051SeriesBSP\_CMSIS\_Rev3.01.001
- IDE 版本
  - ◆ Keil uVersion4.74

#### ● 硬件环境







- 电路组成
  - ◆ NuTiny-EVB-M051\_V3.0
  - ◆ TM1812 和 RGB-LED 灯条
- 框图

M5016 通过 SPI0 的 MOSI 来驱动 TM1812



## 4 目录信息

### EC\_M0516\_SPI\_TM1812\_V1.00

 Library	Sample code header and source files
 CMSIS	Cortex <sup>®</sup> Microcontroller Software Interface Standard (CMSIS) V4.5.0 definitions by ARM <sup>®</sup> Corp.
 Device	CMSIS compliant device header file
 StdDriver	All peripheral driver header and source files
 SampleCode	
 ExampleCode	Source file of example code

## 5 如何执行范例程序

1. 根据目录信息章节进入 ExampleCode 路径中的 KEIL 文件夹，双击“M0516\_SPI\_TM1812.uvproj”
2. 进入编译模式接口
  - a. 编译
  - b. 下载代码至内存
  - c. 进入 / 离开仿真模式
3. 进入仿真模式接口
  - a. 执行代码

## 6 修订纪录

Date	Revision	Description
Apr. 24, 2019	1.00	1. 初始发布.

### **Important Notice**

Nuvoton Products are neither intended nor warranted for usage in systems or equipment, any malfunction or failure of which may cause loss of human life, bodily injury or severe property damage. Such applications are deemed, "Insecure Usage".

Insecure usage includes, but is not limited to: equipment for surgical implementation, atomic energy control instruments, airplane or spaceship instruments, the control or operation of dynamic, brake or safety systems designed for vehicular use, traffic signal instruments, all types of safety devices, and other applications intended to support or sustain life.

All Insecure Usage shall be made at customer's risk, and in the event that third parties lay claims to Nuvoton as a result of customer's Insecure Usage, customer shall indemnify the damages and liabilities thus incurred by Nuvoton.

---

*Please note that all data and specifications are subject to change without notice.  
All the trademarks of products and companies mentioned in this datasheet belong to their respective owners.*