

3个界面的HID复合装置的实作(鼠标, 键盘, 游戏杆)

NuMicro® 32 位系列微控制器范例代码介绍

文件信息

代码简述	3个界面的 HID 复合装置的实作(鼠标, 键盘, 游戏杆)
BSP 版本	NUC123 Series BSP CMSIS V3.01.001
开发平台	NuTiny-EVB-NUC123-LQFP64 v1.0

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1 功能介绍

1.1 简介

该范例示范3组接口的HID复合装置实作。每个界面拥有一项功能，分别是鼠标，键盘和游戏杆。此三个功能可以使用GPIO触发。

1.2 原理

此范例程序复合装置有3组界面，每个接口使用HID(Human Interface Devices)标准实作一个功能。

一个USB装置一定会有一个控制管线(端点0)，用于控制传输。其他端点可以根据应用而有不同的设定。此范例中的控制管线由装置端硬件的端点0和端点1构成，从USB主机的角度来看，只会看到端点0；一个接口运行一个欲展示的功能，每个接口包含一个中断的输入端点，此端点用于输入方向的中断传输(Interrupt Transfer)。这些接口和端点的关系列于表 1。

Endpoints in NUC123	Composite Device	Function
Endpoint 0 Control IN Endpoint 1 Control OUT	Control Pipe (Endpoint 0)	Control Transfer
Endpoint 2	Interface 0: Endpoint 1: Interrupt IN	HID Mouse
Endpoint 3	Interface 1 Endpoint 2: Interrupt IN	HID Keyboard
Endpoint 4	Interface 2 Endpoint 3: Interrupt IN	HID Joystick

表 1: HID 复合装置的接口和端点组态

接口0是一个HID鼠标装置，使用表 2的数据格式回传数据。

Byte	Bits	Description
0	0	Button 1
0	1	Button 2
0	2	Button 3
0	3 ~ 7	Padding
1	0 ~ 7	X-axis
2	0 ~ 7	Y-axis
3	0 ~ 7	Wheel

表 2: HID 鼠标 报告格式

接口1是一个HID键盘装置，使用表 3的数据格式回传数据。键盘代码的定义，可从[USB-IF](#)下载的” HID USAGE TABLE V1.12”的第53页找到。

Byte	Description
0	Modifier Keys
1	Reserved

2	Key code 1
3	Key code 2
4	Key code 3
5	Key code 4
6	Key code 5
7	Key code 6

表 3: HID 键盘报告格式

接口2是HID游戏杆装置，使用表 4的数据格式回传数据。

Byte	Bits	Description
0	0 ~ 7	Throttle
1	0 ~ 7	X axis
2	0 ~ 7	Y axis
3	0 ~ 3	Hat Switch
3	4 ~ 7	Button 1 ~ 4

表 4:HID 游戏杆报告格式

1.3 执行结果

此范例需与连接个人计算机才能运行。此范例程序执行时，使用[USBLyzer](#)我们可以获得图 1 的装置列表。可以看到此复合装置有3组接口。



图 1:装置列表

USBLyzer 也可用于传输封包的纪录。图 2、图 3 和图 5 记录了此范例程序运行时的传输封包。

1.3.1 HID 鼠标

若GPIO PB7 准位为低准位时(仿真按钮按下)，可以看见Y轴的字段(见表 2)的传输数值变成1。计算机鼠标的指针会往下移动。

URB	2131	11:07:54.683	435.224...		Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	4 bytes buffer		in	01:00:
URB	2132-2129	11:07:54.700	435.240...	31.928 ...	Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	Input Report (Len 4)	00 00 00 00	in	01:00:
URB	2133	11:07:54.700	435.240...		Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	4 bytes buffer		in	01:00:
URB	2134-2131	11:07:54.715	435.256...	31.829 ...	Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	Input Report (Len 4)	00 00 00 00	in	01:00:
URB	2135	11:07:54.715	435.256...		Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	4 bytes buffer		in	01:00:
URB	2136-2133	11:07:54.731	435.272...	31.835 ...	Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	Input Report (Len 4)	00 00 01 00	in	01:00:
URB	2137	11:07:54.731	435.272...		Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	4 bytes buffer		in	01:00:
URB	2138-2135	11:07:54.747	435.288...	31.963 ...	Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	Input Report (Len 4)	00 00 01 00	in	01:00:
URB	2139	11:07:54.747	435.288...		Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	4 bytes buffer		in	01:00:
URB	2140-2137	11:07:54.763	435.304...	31.911 ...	Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	Input Report (Len 4)	00 00 01 00	in	01:00:
URB	2141	11:07:54.763	435.304...		Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	4 bytes buffer		in	01:00:
URB	2142-2139	11:07:54.779	435.320...	31.898 ...	Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	Input Report (Len 4)	00 00 01 00	in	01:00:
URB	2143	11:07:54.779	435.320...		Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	4 bytes buffer		in	01:00:

图 2:鼠标的传输封包

1.3.2 HID 键盘

若GPIO PB6 准位为低准位时(仿真按钮按下), 键盘码的第一个字段的传输数值由0变成0x1E。此时这装置可在记事本或计算机可输入的地方输入的数字'1', 如图 4。0x1E这个数值是在" HID USAGE TABLE V1.12"中定义的字符'1'。

URB	2963	15:30:46.879	16207.3...		Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	8 bytes buffer		in	
URB	2964-2961	15:30:46.895	16207.3...	31.829 ...	Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	Input Report (Len 8)	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	in	
URB	2965	15:30:46.895	16207.3...		Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	8 bytes buffer		in	
URB	2966-2963	15:30:46.911	16207.3...	31.920 ...	Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	Input Report (Len 8)	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	in	
URB	2967	15:30:46.911	16207.3...		Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	8 bytes buffer		in	
URB	2968-2965	15:30:46.927	16207.3...	31.967 ...	Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	Input Report (Len 8)	00 00 1E 00 00 00 00 00	in	
URB	2969	15:30:46.927	16207.3...		Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	8 bytes buffer		in	
URB	2970-2967	15:30:46.943	16207.4...	31.974 ...	Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	Input Report (Len 8)	00 00 1E 00 00 00 00 00	in	
URB	2971	15:30:46.943	16207.4...		Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	8 bytes buffer		in	
URB	2972-2969	15:30:46.959	16207.4...	31.979 ...	Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	Input Report (Len 8)	00 00 1E 00 00 00 00 00	in	

图 3:键盘的传输封包

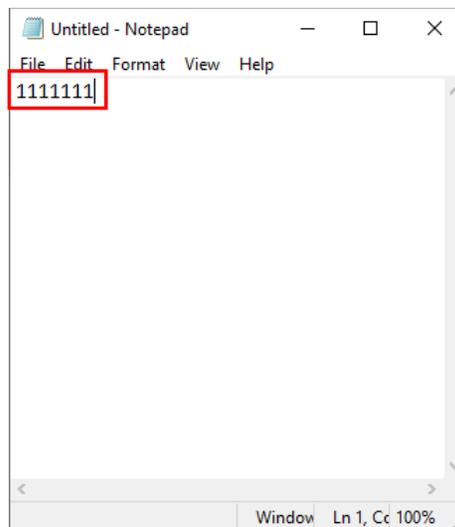


图 4:输入文字到记事本

1.3.3 HID 游戏杆

图 5中, 当GPIO PB5拉至低准位, 可观察到表 4中的传输数据改变。数据的改变, 也可以从图 6观察到对应的控件目变更。

使用者可用Windows 内建的"游戏控制器", 观察游戏杆的行为。开启图 6窗口的步骤, 可以参考[微软公司的教学](#), 进入此装置的选项(图 7), 找到此装置的属性选项, 点选并切换到测试页, 就可以进入图 6的测试页面。

URB	1320-1317	11:00:49.165	9.70444...	32.024 ...	Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	Input Report (Len 4)	00 00 00 00
URB	1321	11:00:49.165	9.70448...		Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	4 bytes buffer	
URB	1322-1319	11:00:49.181	9.72049...	31.986 ...	Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	Input Report (Len 4)	00 00 00 00
URB	1323	11:00:49.181	9.72052...		Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	4 bytes buffer	
URB	1324-1321	11:00:49.197	9.73635...	31.865 ...	Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	Input Report (Len 4)	7F 7F 7F 63
URB	1325	11:00:49.197	9.73637...		Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	4 bytes buffer	
URB	1326-1323	11:00:49.213	9.75263...	32.113 ...	Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	Input Report (Len 4)	7F 7F 7F 63
URB	1327	11:00:49.213	9.75267...		Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	4 bytes buffer	
URB	1328-1325	11:00:49.230	9.76855...	32.171 ...	Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	Input Report (Len 4)	7F 7F 7F 63
URB	1329	11:00:49.230	9.76859...		Bulk or Interrupt Transfer	4 bytes buffer	

图 5: 键盘的传输封包

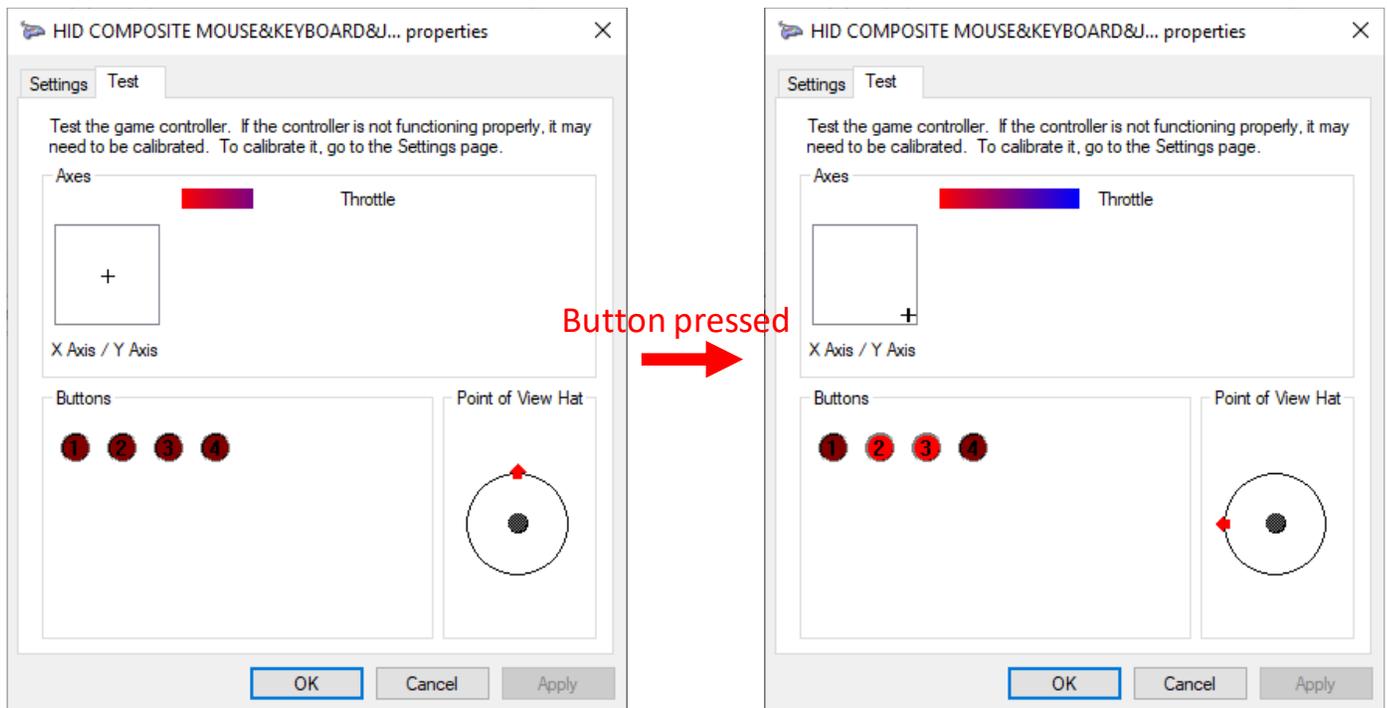


图 6: 游戏杆的测试

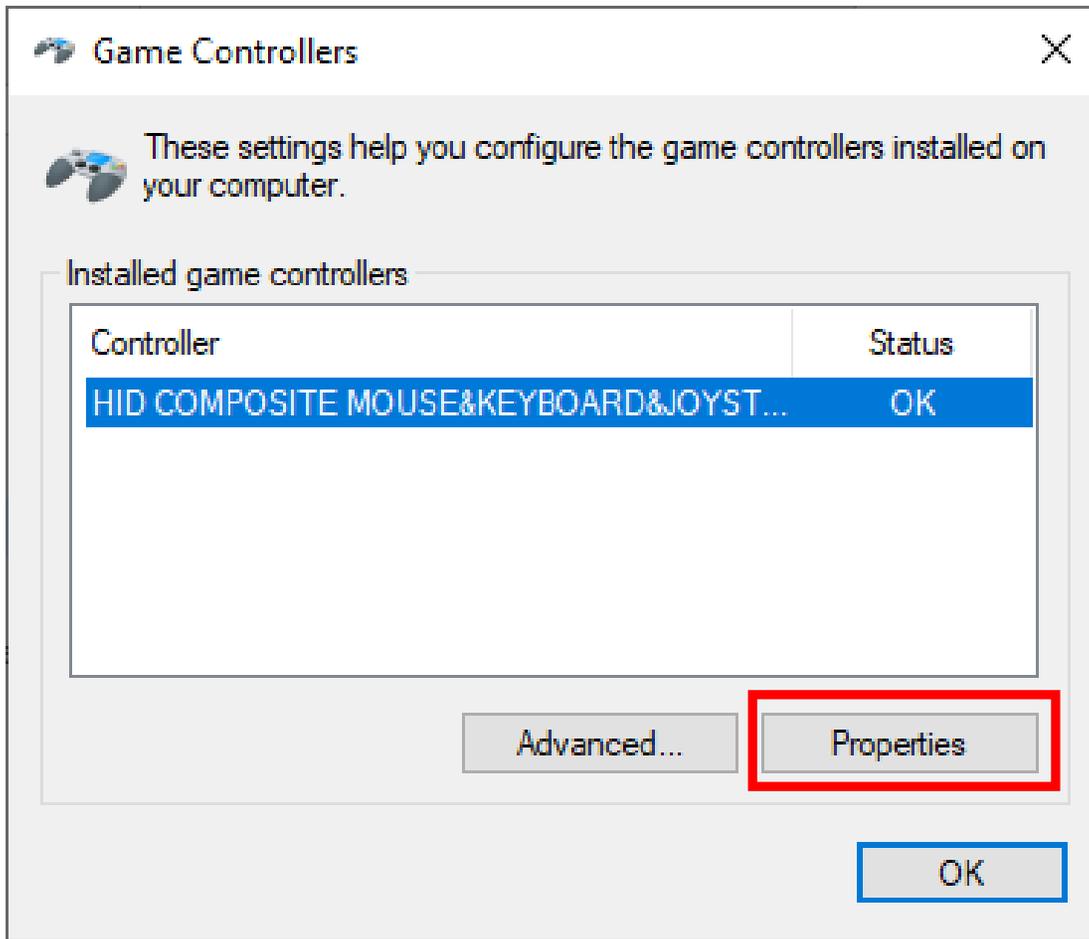


图 7: 游戏控制选项

2 代码介绍

此范例程序使用 HID 标准实现了三个功能接口，鼠标、键盘和游戏杆的功能。这三个功能传输时的处理流程和接口非常类似。每个接口有一个 IN 的中断传输端点。当主机发出 IN TOKEN 时，每个 IN 的中断传输端点会使用定义于 HID report descriptor 的数据格式回传数据，如图 8。2.1 节将介绍程序处理的流程。

Transaction	F	IN	ADDR	ENDP	T	Data	ACK	Time	Time Stamp
98	S	0x96	19	1	0	4 bytes	0x4B	11.282 us	1 . 466 081 700
99	S	0x96	19	2	1	8 bytes	0x4B	13.968 us	1 . 466 092 982
100	S	0x96	19	3	1	4 bytes	0x4B	15.975 ms	1 . 466 106 950

图 8: 3 个 IN 中断端点的 transaction

2.1 鼠标、键盘和游戏杆

2.1.1 Main.c

While回圈内的3个子程序用于数据的传输。每个子程序皆可独立运行，所以使用者可保留其中需要的程序就可以进行测试评估。

```
while (1)
{
    HID_UpdateMouseData();
    HID_UpdateKeyboardData();
    HID_UpdateJoystickData();
}
```

2.1.2 HID_Composite_Device_Mouse_Keyboard_Joystick.c

以鼠标为例，USB主机会发出IN Token向端点1请求数据。当IN Token收到时，端点2的中断处理程序会把g_u8EP2Ready设为真。当HID_UpdateMouseData()检查到g_u8EP2Ready为真时，就会设定并回传数据。当GPIO PB5电位为0时，设定buf[2] (表 2的Y轴字段)为0x1。

键盘和游戏杆的HID_UpdateKeyboardData() 和HID_UpdateJoystickData()子程序的处理流程，与HID_UpdateMouseData()几乎相同。只有端点数字和缓冲区的设定有些不同。键盘使用的IN中断传输使用端点3，缓冲区使用8个字节的长度；而游戏杆使用中断端点4，和4字节的缓冲区。端点和缓冲区的关系，整理于表 1。

```
void HID_UpdateMouseData(void)
{
    uint8_t *buf;

    if (g_u8EP2Ready)
    {
        buf = (uint8_t *) (USBD_BUF_BASE + USBD_GET_EP_BUF_ADDR(EP2));
        g_u8EP2Ready = 0; /* Clear flag */

        buf[0] = buf[1] = buf[2] = buf[3] = 0;
    }
}
```

```

    if (PB5 == 0)
    {
        buf[0] = 0x00; /* Button*/
        buf[1] = 0x00; /* X    */
        buf[2] = 0x01; /* Y    */
        buf[3] = 0x00; /* wheel */

    }

    /* Set transfer length and trigger IN transfer */
    USBD_SET_PAYLOAD_LEN(EP2, 4);
}
}

```

2.1.3 Descriptor.c

HID_MouseReportDescriptor是鼠标的HID报告描述符元。此描述元定义了表 2中的数据格式。此数据格式内有，3个按钮、X轴、Y轴和滚轮。当关联的按钮按下后，从图 2可以看到对应的字段，传输资料改变。

```

/*!<USB HID Report Descriptor */
const uint8_t HID_MouseReportDescriptor[] =
{
    0x05, 0x01,      /* Usage Page(Generic Desktop Controls) */
    0x09, 0x02,      /* Usage(Mouse) */
    0xA1, 0x01,      /* Collection(Application) */
    0x09, 0x01,      /* Usage(Pointer) */
    0xA1, 0x00,      /* Collection(Physical) */
    0x05, 0x09,      /* Usage Page(Button) */
    0x19, 0x01,      /* Usage Minimum(0x1) */
    0x29, 0x03,      /* Usage Maximum(0x3) */
    0x15, 0x00,      /* Logical Minimum(0x0) */
    0x25, 0x01,      /* Logical Maximum(0x1) */
    0x75, 0x01,      /* Report Size(0x1) */
    0x95, 0x03,      /* Report Count(0x3) */
    0x81, 0x02,      /* Input(3 button bit) */
    0x75, 0x05,      /* Report Size(0x5) */
    0x95, 0x01,      /* Report Count(0x1) */
    0x81, 0x01,      /* Input(5 bit padding) */
    0x05, 0x01,      /* Usage Page(Generic Desktop Controls) */
    0x09, 0x30,      /* Usage(X) */
    0x09, 0x31,      /* Usage(Y) */
    0x09, 0x38,      /* Usage(Wheel) */
    0x15, 0x81,      /* Logical Minimum(0x81)(-127) */
    0x25, 0x7F,      /* Logical Maximum(0x7F)(127) */
    0x75, 0x08,      /* Report Size(0x8) */

```

```

0x95, 0x03,          /* Report Count(0x3) */
0x81, 0x06,          /* Input(1 byte wheel) */
0xC0,                /* End Collection */
0xC0,                /* End Collection */
};

```

2.2 Configuration Descriptor for 3 Interfaces Composite Device

USB主机需要组态描述元(Configuration Descriptor)来辨识装置。gu8ConfigDescriptor是此范例使用的组态描述元，里面含有3组界面的描述。“bNumInterfaces”字段设定为3，用来让USB主机知道此复合装置有3组接口。3组界面描述元(Interface Descriptor)，HID描述元(HID descriptor)和端点描述元(Endpoint Descriptor)，依序列于组态描述元之后。

```

/*!<USB Configure Descriptor */
const uint8_t gu8ConfigDescriptor[] =
{
    LEN_CONFIG,      /* bLength */
    DESC_CONFIG,     /* bDescriptorType */
    /* wTotalLength */
    LEN_CONFIG AND SUBORDINATE & 0x00FF,
    (LEN_CONFIG AND SUBORDINATE & 0xFF00) >> 8,
    0x03,            /* bNumInterfaces */
    0x01,            /* bConfigurationValue */
    0x00,            /* iConfiguration */
    0x80 | (USB_SELF_POWERED << 6) | (USB_REMOTE_WAKEUP << 5), /* bmAttributes */
    USB_MAX_POWER,  /* MaxPower */

    /* I/F descr: HID */
    LEN_INTERFACE,   /* bLength */
    DESC_INTERFACE,  /* bDescriptorType */
    0x00,            /* bInterfaceNumber */
    0x00,            /* bAlternateSetting */
    0x01,            /* bNumEndpoints */
    0x03,            /* bInterfaceClass */
    0x00,            /* bInterfaceSubClass */
    HID_MOUSE,       /* bInterfaceProtocol */
    0x00,            /* iInterface */

    /* HID Descriptor */
    LEN_HID,         /* Size of this descriptor in UINT8s. */
    DESC_HID,        /* HID descriptor type. */
    0x10, 0x01,     /* HID Class Spec. release number. */
    0x00,            /* H/W target country. */
    0x01,            /* Number of HID class descriptors to follow. */
    DESC_HID_RPT,    /* Dscrptor type. */
    /* Total length of report descriptor. */
    sizeof(HID_MouseReportDescriptor) & 0x00FF,
    (sizeof(HID_MouseReportDescriptor) & 0xFF00) >> 8,

    /* EP Descriptor: interrupt in. */
    LEN_ENDPOINT,    /* bLength */
    DESC_ENDPOINT,   /* bDescriptorType */
    (INT_IN_EP_NUM | EP_INPUT), /* bEndpointAddress */
    EP_INT,          /* bmAttributes */
    /* wMaxPacketSize */
    EP2_MAX_PKT_SIZE & 0x00FF,
    (EP2_MAX_PKT_SIZE & 0xFF00) >> 8,
    HID_DEFAULT_INT_IN_INTERVAL, /* bInterval */
};

```

```

/* I/F descr: HID */
LEN_INTERFACE, /* bLength */
DESC_INTERFACE, /* bDescriptorType */
0x01, /* bInterfaceNumber */
0x00, /* bAlternateSetting */
0x01, /* bNumEndpoints */
0x03, /* bInterfaceClass */
0x00, /* bInterfaceSubClass */
HID_KEYBOARD, /* bInterfaceProtocol */
0x00, /* iInterface */

/* HID Descriptor */
LEN_HID, /* Size of this descriptor in UINT8s. */
DESC_HID, /* HID descriptor type. */
0x10, 0x01, /* HID Class Spec. release number. */
0x00, /* H/W target country. */
0x01, /* Number of HID class descriptors to follow. */
DESC_HID_RPT, /* Descriptor type. */
/* Total length of report descriptor. */
sizeof(HID_KeyboardReportDescriptor) & 0x00FF,
(sizeof(HID_KeyboardReportDescriptor) & 0xFF00) >> 8,

/* EP Descriptor: interrupt in. */
LEN_ENDPOINT, /* bLength */
DESC_ENDPOINT, /* bDescriptorType */
(INT_IN1_EP_NUM | EP_INPUT), /* bEndpointAddress */
EP_INT, /* bmAttributes */
/* wMaxPacketSize */
EP3_MAX_PKT_SIZE & 0x00FF,
(EP3_MAX_PKT_SIZE & 0xFF00) >> 8,
HID_DEFAULT_INT_IN_INTERVAL, /* bInterval */

/* I/F descr: HID */
LEN_INTERFACE, /* bLength */
DESC_INTERFACE, /* bDescriptorType */
0x02, /* bInterfaceNumber */
0x00, /* bAlternateSetting */
0x01, /* bNumEndpoints */
0x03, /* bInterfaceClass */
0x00, /* bInterfaceSubClass */
HID_NONE, /* bInterfaceProtocol */
0x00, /* iInterface */

/* HID Descriptor */
LEN_HID, /* Size of this descriptor in UINT8s. */
DESC_HID, /* HID descriptor type. */
0x10, 0x01, /* HID Class Spec. release number. */
0x00, /* H/W target country. */
0x01, /* Number of HID class descriptors to follow. */
DESC_HID_RPT, /* Descriptor type. */
/* Total length of report descriptor. */
sizeof(HID_JoytickReportDescriptor) & 0x00FF,
(sizeof(HID_JoytickReportDescriptor) & 0xFF00) >> 8,

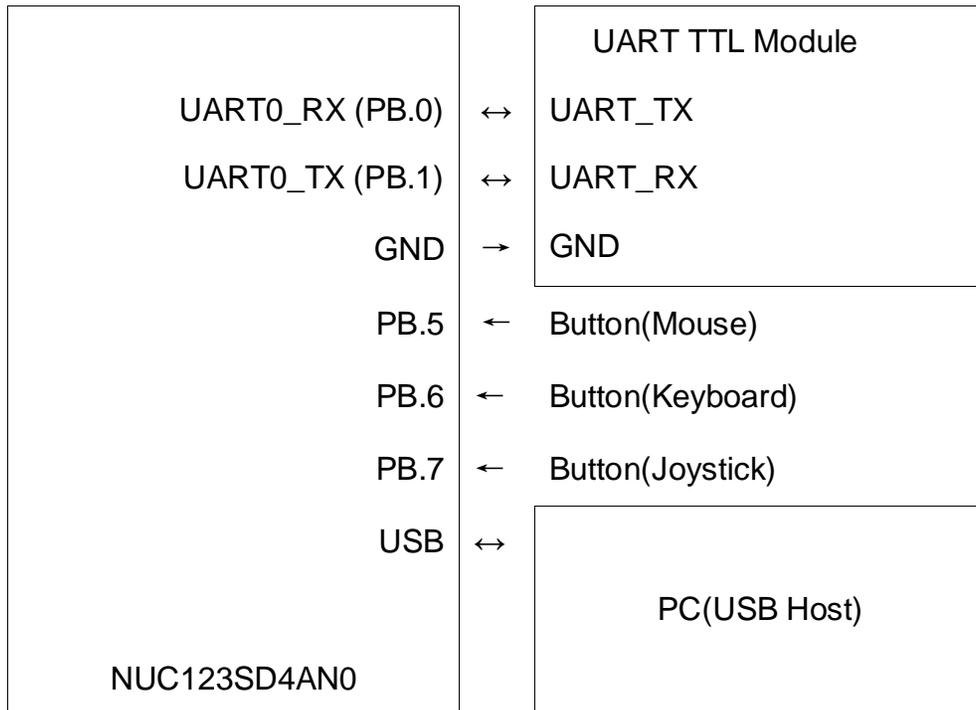
/* EP Descriptor: interrupt in. */
LEN_ENDPOINT, /* bLength */
DESC_ENDPOINT, /* bDescriptorType */
(INT_IN2_EP_NUM | EP_INPUT), /* bEndpointAddress */
EP_INT, /* bmAttributes */
/* wMaxPacketSize */
EP4_MAX_PKT_SIZE & 0x00FF,
(EP4_MAX_PKT_SIZE & 0xFF00) >> 8,
HID_DEFAULT_INT_IN_INTERVAL /* bInterval */
};

```

3 软件与硬件环境

- 软件环境
 - BSP 版本
 - ◆ NUC123 Series BSP CMSIS V3.01.001
 - IDE 版本
 - ◆ Keil uVersion 5.26
 - USB 封包撷取工具
 - ◆ USBLyzer (<http://www.usblyzer.com/>)
- 硬件环境
 - 电路组件
 - ◆ NuTiny-EVB-NUC123-LQFP64 v1.0
 - ◆ USB mini USB cable
 - ◆ USB-UART TTL(Optional)

■ 示意图



4 目录信息

📁 EC_NUC123_USBD_HID_Composite_Mouse_Keyboard_Joystick_V1.00

- 📁 **Library** Sample code header and source files
 - 📁 **CMSIS** Cortex® Microcontroller Software Interface Standard (CMSIS) by Arm® Corp.
 - 📁 **Device** CMSIS compliant device header file
 - 📁 **StdDriver** All peripheral driver header and source files
- 📁 **SampleCode**
 - 📁 **ExampleCode** Source file of example code
 - 📁 **KEIL** KEIL project file

5 如何执行范例程序

1. 根据目录信息章节进入 ExampleCode 路径中的 KEIL 文件夹，双击 NUC123_USBD_HID_Composite_Mouse_Keyboard_Joystick.uvproj。
2. 进入编译模式接口
 - a. 编译
 - b. 下载代码至内存
 - c. 进入 / 离开除错模式
3. 进入除错模式接口
 - a. 执行代码

6 修订纪录

Date	Revision	Description
July. 01, 2019	1.00	1. 初始发布.

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