ARM® Cortex®-M

32-bit Microcontroller

NuMaker-M031KG
User Manual
NuMicro® M031 Series

For additional information or questions, please contact: Nuvoton Technology Corporation.

www.nuvoton.com

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1 OVERVIEW

The NuMaker-M031KG is a development board for Nuvoton NuMicro® M031xG microcontrollers. The NuMaker-M031KG consists of two parts: an M031 platform and an on-board Nu-Link2-Me debugger and programmer. The NuMaker-M031KG is designed for project evaluation, prototype development and validation with power consumption monitoring function.

The M031 platform is based on NuMicro® M031KG8AE. For the development flexibility, the M031 platform provides the extension connectors of M031KG8AE, the Arduino UNO compatible headers and able to adopt multiple power supply. Furthermore, the Nuvoton-designed ammeter connector can measure the power consumption instantly, which is essential for the prototype evaluation.

In addition to the M031 platform, there is an attached on-board debugger and programmer “Nu-Link2-Me”. The Nu-Link2-Me supports on-chip debugging, online and offline ICP programming via SWD interface. The Nu-Link2-Me supports virtual COM (VCOM) port for printing debug messages on PC. Besides, the programming status could be shown on the built-in LEDs. Lastly, the Nu-Link2-Me could be detached from the development board and becoming a stand-alone mass production programmer.

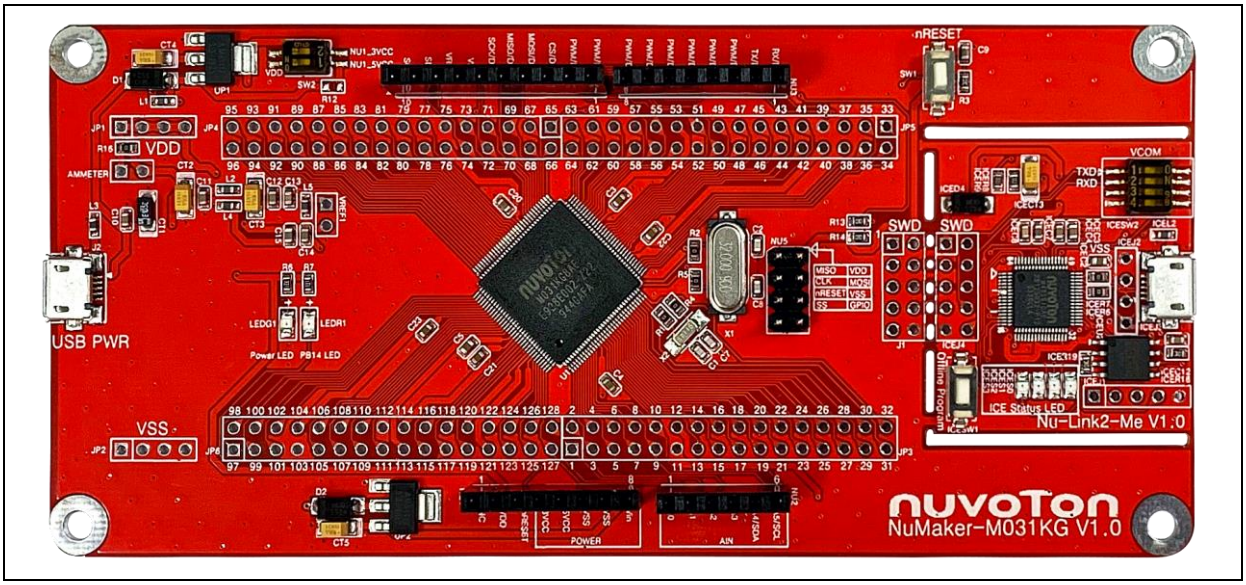


Figure 1-1 NuMaker-M031KG Development Board

2 FEATURES

- NuMicro® M031KG8AE microcontroller with function compatible with:
  - M031KG8AE
  - M031KG6AE
  - M031SG8AE
  - M031SG6AE
  - M031LG8AE
  - M031LG6AE
- M031KG8AE extension connectors
- Arduino UNO compatible extension connectors
- Ammeter connector for measuring the microcontroller's power consumption
- Flexible board power supply:
  - External V_{DD} power connector
  - Arduino UNO compatible extension connector Vin
  - USB FS connector on M031 platform
  - ICE USB connector on Nu-Link2-Me
- On-board Nu-Link2-Me debugger and programmer:
  - Debug through SWD interface
  - On-line/off-line programming
  - Virtual COM port function

3 HARDWARE CONFIGURATION

3.1 Front View

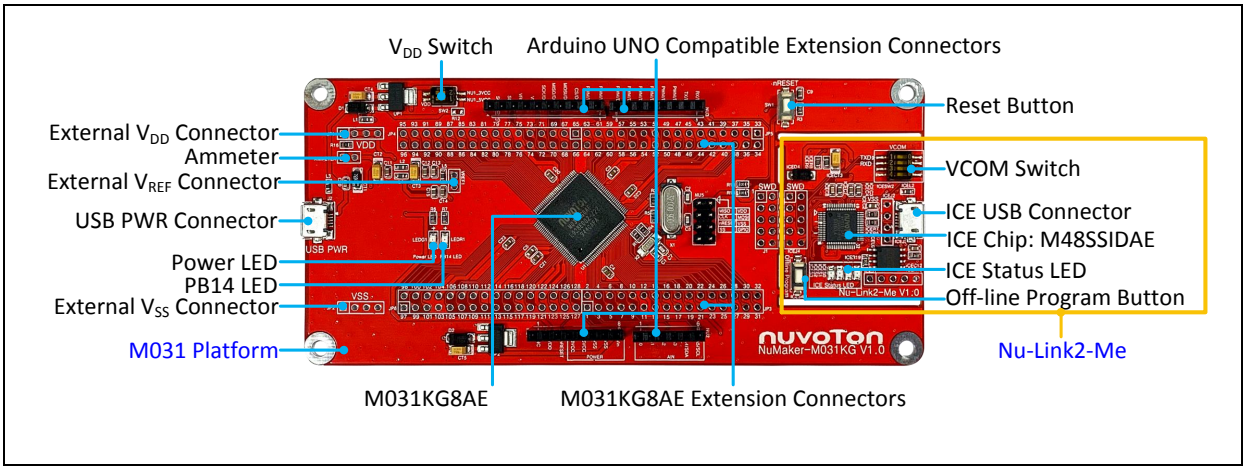


Figure 3-1 Front View of NuMaker-M031KG

Figure 3-1 shows the main components and connectors from the front side of NuMaker-M031KG. The following lists components and connectors from the front view:

- Target chip: M031KG8AE (U1)
- USB PWR Connector (J2)
- Arduino UNO Compatible Extension Connectors (NU1, NU2, NU3, NU4)
- M031 Extension Connectors (JP3, JP4, JP5 and JP6)
- External V_{DD} Power Connector (JP1)
- External V_{SS} Power Connector (JP2)
- External V_{REF} Connector (VREF1)
- VDD Switch (SW2)
- Ammeter Connector (AMMETER)
- Reset Button (SW1)
- Power LED and PB14 LED (LEDG1 and LEDR1)
- Nu-Link2-Me
  - VCOM Switch
  - ICE Chip: M48SSIDAE (ICEU2)
  - ICE USB Connector (ICEJ3)
  - ICE Status LED (ICES0,ICES1, ICES2, ICES3)
  - Off-line Program Button (ICESW1)

3.2 Rear View

Figure 3-2 shows the main components and connectors from the rear side of NuMaker-M031KG.

The following lists components and connectors from the rear view:

- Nu-Link2-Me
  - MCUVCC Power Switch (ICEJPR1)
  - ICEVCC Power Switch (ICEJPR2)

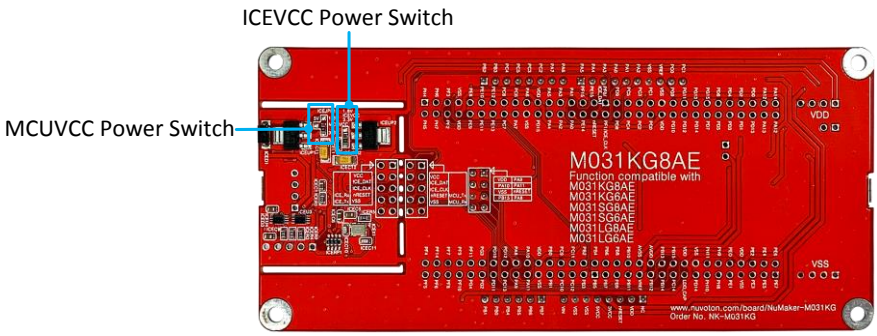


Figure 3-2 Rear View of NuMaker-M031KG

3.3 Extension Connectors

Table 3-1 presents the extension connectors.

Connector	Description
JP3, JP4, JP5 and JP6	Full pins extension connectors on the NuMaker-M031KG.
NU1, NU2, NU3 and NU4	Arduino UNO compatible pins on the NuMaker-M031KG.

Table 3-1 Extension Connectors

3.3.1 Pin Assignment for Extension Connectors

The NuMaker-M031KG provides the M031KG8AE onboard and extension connectors (JP3, JP4, JP5 and JP6). The Figure 3-3 shows the M031KG8AE extension connectors.

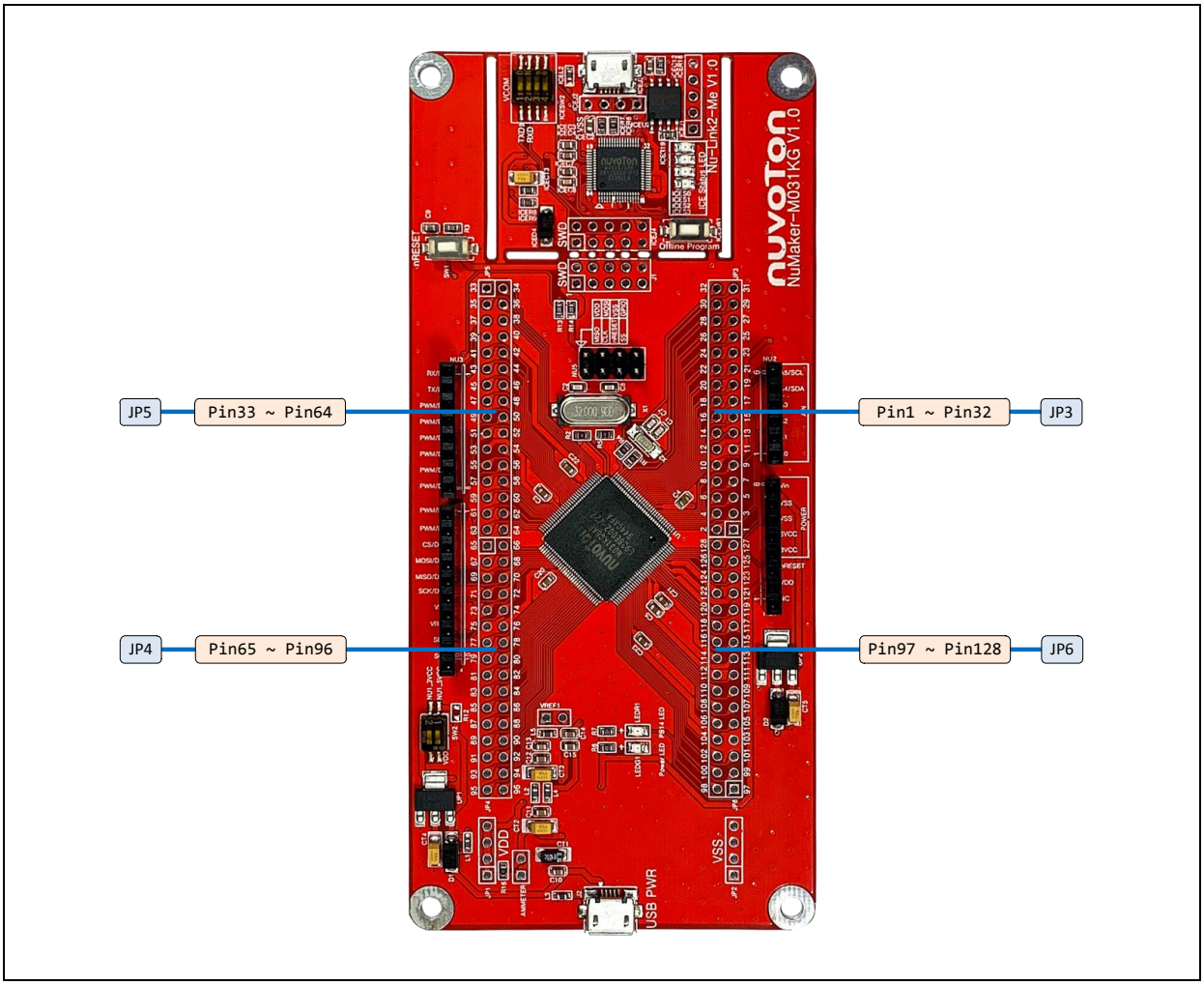


Figure 3-3 M031KG8AE Extension Connectors

Header		M031KG8AE	
		Pin No.	Function
JP3	JP3.1	1	PB.5/ADC0_CH5/ACMP1_N/EBI_ADR0/I2C0_SCL/UART5_TXD/USCI1_CTL0/PWM0_CH0/UART2_TXD/TM0/INT0
	JP3.2	2	PB.4/ADC0_CH4/ACMP1_P1/EBI_ADR1/I2C0_SDA/UART5_RXD/USCI1_CTL1/PWM0_CH1/UART2_RXD/TM1/INT1
	JP3.3	3	PB.3/ADC0_CH3/ACMP0_N/EBI_ADR2/I2C1_SCL/UART1_TXD/UART5_nRTS/USCI1_DAT1/PWM0_CH2/PWM0_BRAKE0/TM2/INT2
	JP3.4	4	PB.2/ADC0_CH2/ACMP0_P1/EBI_ADR3/I2C1_SDA/UART1_RXD/UART5_nCTS/USCI1_DAT0/PWM0_CH3/TM3/INT3
	JP3.5	5	PC.12/EBI_ADR4/UART0_TXD/I2C0_SCL/PWM1_CH0/ACMP0_O
	JP3.6	6	PC.11/EBI_ADR5/UART0_RXD/I2C0_SDA/PWM1_CH1/ACMP1_O
	JP3.7	7	PC.10/EBI_ADR6/UART3_TXD/PWM1_CH2
	JP3.8	8	PC.9/EBI_ADR7/UART3_RXD/PWM1_CH3
	JP3.9	9	PB.1/ADC0_CH1/EBI_ADR8/UART2_TXD/USCI1_CLK/I2C1_SCL/QSPI0_MISO1/PWM0_CH4/PWM1_CH4/PWM0_BRAKE0
	JP3.10	10	PB.0/ADC0_CH0/EBI_ADR9/UART2_RXD/SPI0_I2SMCLK/I2C1_SDA/QSPI0_MOSI1/PWM0_CH5/PWM1_CH5/PWM0_BRAKE1
	JP3.11	11	VSS
	JP3.12	12	VDD
	JP3.13	13	PA.11/ACMP0_P0/EBI_nRD/USCI0_CLK/BPWM0_CH0/TM0_EXT
	JP3.14	14	PA.10/ACMP1_P0/EBI_nWR/USCI0_DAT0/BPWM0_CH1/TM1_EXT
	JP3.15	15	PA.9/EBI_MCLK/USCI0_DAT1/UART1_TXD/BPWM0_CH2/TM2_EXT
	JP3.16	16	PA.8/EBI_ALE/USCI0_CTL1/UART1_RXD/BPWM0_CH3/TM3_EXT/INT4
	JP3.17	17	PC.13/EBI_ADR10/USCI0_CTL0/UART2_TXD/BPWM0_CH4/CLKO/ADC0_ST
	JP3.18	18	PD.12/EBI_nCS0/UART2_RXD/BPWM0_CH5/CLKO/ADC0_ST/INT5
	JP3.19	19	PD.11/EBI_nCS1/UART1_TXD
	JP3.20	20	PD.10/UART1_RXD
	JP3.21	21	PG.2/EBI_ADR11/I2C0_SMBAL/I2C1_SCL/TM0
	JP3.22	22	PG.3/EBI_ADR12/I2C0_SMBSUS/I2C1_SDA/TM1
	JP3.23	23	PG.4/EBI_ADR13/TM2
	JP3.24	24	PF.11/EBI_ADR14/UART5_TXD/TM3
	JP3.25	25	PF.10/EBI_ADR15/SPI0_I2SMCLK/UART5_RXD
	JP3.26	26	PF.9/EBI_ADR16/SPI0_SS/UART5_nRTS
	JP3.27	27	PF.8/EBI_ADR17/SPI0_CLK/UART5_nCTS
	JP3.28	28	PF.7/EBI_ADR18/SPI0_MISO/UART4_TXD
	JP3.29	29	PF.6/EBI_ADR19/SPI0_MOSI/UART4_RXD/EBI_nCS0
	JP3.30	30	PF.14/PWM1_BRAKE0/PWM0_BRAKE0/PWM0_CH4/CLKO/TM3/INT5
	JP3.31	31	PF.5/UART2_RXD/UART2_nCTS/PWM0_CH0/BPWM0_CH4/X32_IN/ADC0_ST
	JP3.32	32	PF.4/UART2_TXD/UART2_nRTS/PWM0_CH1/BPWM0_CH5/X32_OUT

Header		M031KG8AE	
		Pin No.	Function
JP5	JP5.1	33	PH.4/EBI_ADR3
	JP5.2	34	PH.5/EBI_ADR2
	JP5.3	35	PH.6/EBI_ADR1
	JP5.4	36	PH.7/EBI_ADR0
	JP5.5	37	PF.3/EBI_nCS0/UART0_TXD/I2C0_SCL/XT1_IN/BPWM1_CH0
	JP5.6	38	PF.2/EBI_nCS1/UART0_RXD/I2C0_SDA/QSPI0_CLK/XT1_OUT/BPWM1_CH1
	JP5.7	39	VSS
	JP5.8	40	VDD
	JP5.9	41	PE.8/EBI_ADR10/USCI1_CTL1/UART2_TXD/PWM0_CH0/PWM0_BRAKE0
	JP5.10	42	PE.9/EBI_ADR11/USCI1_CTL0/UART2_RXD/PWM0_CH1/PWM0_BRAKE1
	JP5.11	43	PE.10/EBI_ADR12/USCI1_DAT0/UART3_TXD/PWM0_CH2/PWM1_BRAKE0
	JP5.12	44	PE.11/EBI_ADR13/USCI1_DAT1/UART3_RXD/UART1_nCTS/PWM0_CH3/PWM1_BRAKE1
	JP5.13	45	PE.12/EBI_ADR14/USCI1_CLK/UART1_nRTS/PWM0_CH4
	JP5.14	46	PE.13/EBI_ADR15/I2C0_SCL/UART4_nRTS/UART1_TXD/PWM0_CH5/PWM1_CH0/BPWM1_CH5
	JP5.15	47	PC.8/EBI_ADR16/I2C0_SDA/UART4_nCTS/UART1_RXD/PWM1_CH1/BPWM1_CH4
	JP5.16	48	PC.7/EBI_AD9/UART4_TXD/UART0_nCTS/PWM1_CH2/BPWM1_CH0/TM0/INT3
	JP5.17	49	PC.6/EBI_AD8/UART4_RXD/UART0_nRTS/PWM1_CH3/BPWM1_CH1/TM1/INT2
	JP5.18	50	PA.7/EBI_AD7/UART0_TXD/I2C1_SCL/PWM1_CH4/BPWM1_CH2/ACMP0_WLAT/TM2/INT1
	JP5.19	51	PA.6/EBI_AD6/UART0_RXD/I2C1_SDA/PWM1_CH5/BPWM1_CH3/ACMP1_WLAT/TM3/INT0
	JP5.20	52	VSS
	JP5.21	53	VDD
	JP5.22	54	PD.15/PWM0_CH5/TM3/INT1
	JP5.23	55	PA.5/QSPI0_MISO1/UART0_nCTS/UART0_TXD/I2C0_SCL/UART5_TXD/BPWM0_CH5/PWM0_CH0
	JP5.24	56	PA.4/QSPI0_MOSI1/SPI0_I2SMCLK/UART0_nRTS/UART0_RXD/I2C0_SDA/UART5_RXD/BPWM0_CH4/PWM0_CH1
	JP5.25	57	PA.3/QSPI0_SS/SPI0_SS/UART4_TXD/I2C0_SMBAL/UART1_TXD/I2C1_SCL/BPWM0_CH3/PWM0_CH2/CLKO/PWM1_BRAKE1
	JP5.26	58	PA.2/QSPI0_CLK/SPI0_CLK/UART4_RXD/I2C0_SMBSUS/UART1_RXD/I2C1_SDA/BPWM0_CH2/PWM0_CH3
	JP5.27	59	PA.1/QSPI0_MISO0/SPI0_MISO/UART0_TXD/UART1_nCTS/BPWM0_CH1/PWM0_CH4
	JP5.28	60	PA.0/QSPI0_MOSI0/SPI0_MOSI/UART0_RXD/UART1_nRTS/BPWM0_CH0/PWM0_CH5
	JP5.29	61	PF.15/PWM0_BRAKE0/PWM0_CH1/TM2/CLKO/INT4
	JP5.30	62	PE.14/EBI_AD8/UART2_TXD
	JP5.31	63	PE.15/EBI_AD9/UART2_RXD
	JP5.32	64	nRESET
JP4	JP4.1	65	PF.0/UART1_TXD/I2C1_SCL/UART0_TXD/BPWM1_CH0/ICE_DAT
	JP4.2	66	PF.1/UART1_RXD/I2C1_SDA/UART0_RXD/BPWM1_CH1/ICE_CLK

Header		M031KG8AE	
		Pin No.	Function
	JP4.3	67	PD.9/EBI_AD7/UART2_nCTS
	JP4.4	68	PD.8/EBI_AD6/UART2_nRTS
	JP4.5	69	PC.5/EBI_AD5/QSPI0_MISO1/UART2_TXD/I2C1_SCL/UART4_TXD/PWM1_CH0
	JP4.6	70	PC.4/EBI_AD4/QSPI0_MOSI1/UART2_RXD/I2C1_SDA/UART4_RXD/PWM1_CH1
	JP4.7	71	PC.3/EBI_AD3/QSPI0_SS/UART2_nRTS/I2C0_SMBAL/UART3_TXD/PWM1_CH2
	JP4.8	72	PC.2/EBI_AD2/QSPI0_CLK/UART2_nCTS/I2C0_SMBSUS/UART3_RXD/PWM1_CH3
	JP4.9	73	PC.1/EBI_AD1/QSPI0_MISO0/UART2_TXD/I2C0_SCL/PWM1_CH4/ACMP0_O/ADC0_ST
	JP4.10	74	PC.0/EBI_AD0/QSPI0_MOSI0/UART2_RXD/I2C0_SDA/PWM1_CH5/ACMP1_O
	JP4.11	75	VSS
	JP4.12	76	VDD
	JP4.13	77	PG.9/EBI_AD0/BPWM0_CH5
	JP4.14	78	PG.10/EBI_AD1/BPWM0_CH4
	JP4.15	79	PG.11/EBI_AD2/BPWM0_CH3
	JP4.16	80	PG.12/EBI_AD3/BPWM0_CH2
	JP4.17	81	PG.13/EBI_AD4/BPWM0_CH1
	JP4.18	82	PG.14/EBI_AD5/BPWM0_CH0
	JP4.19	83	PG.15/CLKO/ADC0_ST
	JP4.20	84	PD.7/UART1_TXD/I2C0_SCL/USCI1_CLK
	JP4.21	85	PD.6/UART1_RXD/I2C0_SDA/USCI1_DAT1
	JP4.22	86	PD.5/I2C1_SCL/USCI1_DAT0
	JP4.23	87	PD.4/USCI0_CTL0/I2C1_SDA/USCI1_CTL1
	JP4.24	88	PD.3/EBI_AD10/USCI0_CTL1/SPI0_SS/UART3_nRTS/USCI1_CTL0/UART0_TXD
	JP4.25	89	PD.2/EBI_AD11/USCI0_DAT1/SPI0_CLK/UART3_nCTS/UART0_RXD
	JP4.26	90	PD.1/EBI_AD12/USCI0_DAT0/SPI0_MISO/UART3_TXD
	JP4.27	91	PD.0/EBI_AD13/USCI0_CLK/SPI0_MOSI/UART3_RXD/TM2
	JP4.28	92	PD.13/EBI_AD10/SPI0_I2SMCLK
	JP4.29	93	PA.12/UART4_TXD/I2C1_SCL/BPWM1_CH2
	JP4.30	94	PA.13/UART4_RXD/I2C1_SDA/BPWM1_CH3
	JP4.31	95	PA.14/UART0_TXD/BPWM1_CH4
	JP4.32	96	PA.15/UART0_RXD/BPWM1_CH5
JP6	JP6.1	97	PE.7/UART5_TXD/PWM0_CH0/BPWM0_CH5
	JP6.2	98	PE.6/USCI0_CTL0/UART5_RXD/PWM0_CH1/BPWM0_CH4
	JP6.3	99	PE.5/EBI_nRD/USCI0_CTL1/PWM0_CH2/BPWM0_CH3
	JP6.4	100	PE.4/EBI_nWR/USCI0_DAT1/PWM0_CH3/BPWM0_CH2
	JP6.5	101	PE.3/EBI_MCLK/USCI0_DAT0/PWM0_CH4/BPWM0_CH1

Header		M031KG8AE	
		Pin No.	Function
	JP6.6	102	PE.2/EBI_ALE/USCI0_CLK/PWM0_CH5/BPWM0_CH0
	JP6.7	103	VSS
	JP6.8	104	VDD
	JP6.9	105	PE.1/EBI_AD10/QSPI0_MISO0/UART3_TXD/I2C1_SCL/UART4_nCTS
	JP6.10	106	PE.0/EBI_AD11/QSPI0_MOSI0/UART3_RXD/I2C1_SDA/UART4_nRTS
	JP6.11	107	PH.8/EBI_AD12/QSPI0_CLK/UART3_nRTS/UART1_TXD
	JP6.12	108	PH.9/EBI_AD13/QSPI0_SS/UART3_nCTS/UART1_RXD
	JP6.13	109	PH.10/EBI_AD14/QSPI0_MISO1/UART4_TXD/UART0_TXD
	JP6.14	110	PH.11/EBI_AD15/QSPI0_MOSI1/UART4_RXD/UART0_RXD/PWM0_CH5
	JP6.15	111	PD.14/EBI_nCS0/SPI0_I2SMCLK/USCI0_CTL0/PWM0_CH4
	JP6.16	112	VSS
	JP6.17	113	LDO_CAP
	JP6.18	114	VDD
	JP6.19	115	PC.14/EBI_AD11/SPI0_I2SMCLK/USCI0_CTL0/QSPI0_CLK/TM1
	JP6.20	116	PB.15/ADC0_CH15/EBI_AD12/SPI0_SS/USCI0_CTL1/UART0_nCTS/UART3_TXD/PWM1_CH0/TM0_EXT/PWM0_BRAKE1
	JP6.21	117	PB.14/ADC0_CH14/EBI_AD13/SPI0_CLK/USCI0_DAT1/UART0_nRTS/UART3_RXD/PWM1_CH1/TM1_EXT/CLKO
	JP6.22	118	PB.13/ADC0_CH13/ACMP0_P3/ACMP1_P3/EBI_AD14/SPI0_MISO/USCI0_DAT0/UART0_TXD/UART3_nRTS/PWM1_CH2/TM2_EXT
	JP6.23	119	PB.12/ADC0_CH12/ACMP0_P2/ACMP1_P2/EBI_AD15/SPI0_MOSI/USCI0_CLK/UART0_RXD/UART3_nCTS/PWM1_CH3/TM3_EXT
	JP6.24	120	AVDD
	JP6.25	121	VREF
	JP6.26	122	AVSS
	JP6.27	123	PB.11/ADC0_CH11/EBI_ADR16/UART0_nCTS/UART4_TXD/I2C1_SCL/SPI0_I2SMCLK/BPWM1_CH0
	JP6.28	124	PB.10/ADC0_CH10/EBI_ADR17/USCI1_CTL0/UART0_nRTS/UART4_RXD/I2C1_SDA/BPWM1_CH1
	JP6.29	125	PB.9/ADC0_CH9/EBI_ADR18/USCI1_CTL1/UART0_TXD/UART1_nCTS/BPWM1_CH2
	JP6.30	126	PB.8/ADC0_CH8/EBI_ADR19/USCI1_CLK/UART0_RXD/UART1_nRTS/BPWM1_CH3
	JP6.31	127	PB.7/ADC0_CH7/EBI_nWRL/USCI1_DAT0/UART1_TXD/EBI_nCS0/BPWM1_CH4/PWM1_BRAKE0/PWM1_CH4/INT5/ACMP0_O
	JP6.32	128	PB.6/ADC0_CH6/EBI_nWRH/USCI1_DAT1/UART1_RXD/EBI_nCS1/BPWM1_CH5/PWM1_BRAKE1/PWM1_CH5/INT4/ACMP1_O

Table 3-2 M031KG8AE Full-pin Extension Connectors and GPIO Function List

3.3.2 Arduino UNO Compatible Extension Connectors

Figure 3-4 shows the Arduino UNO compatible extension connectors.

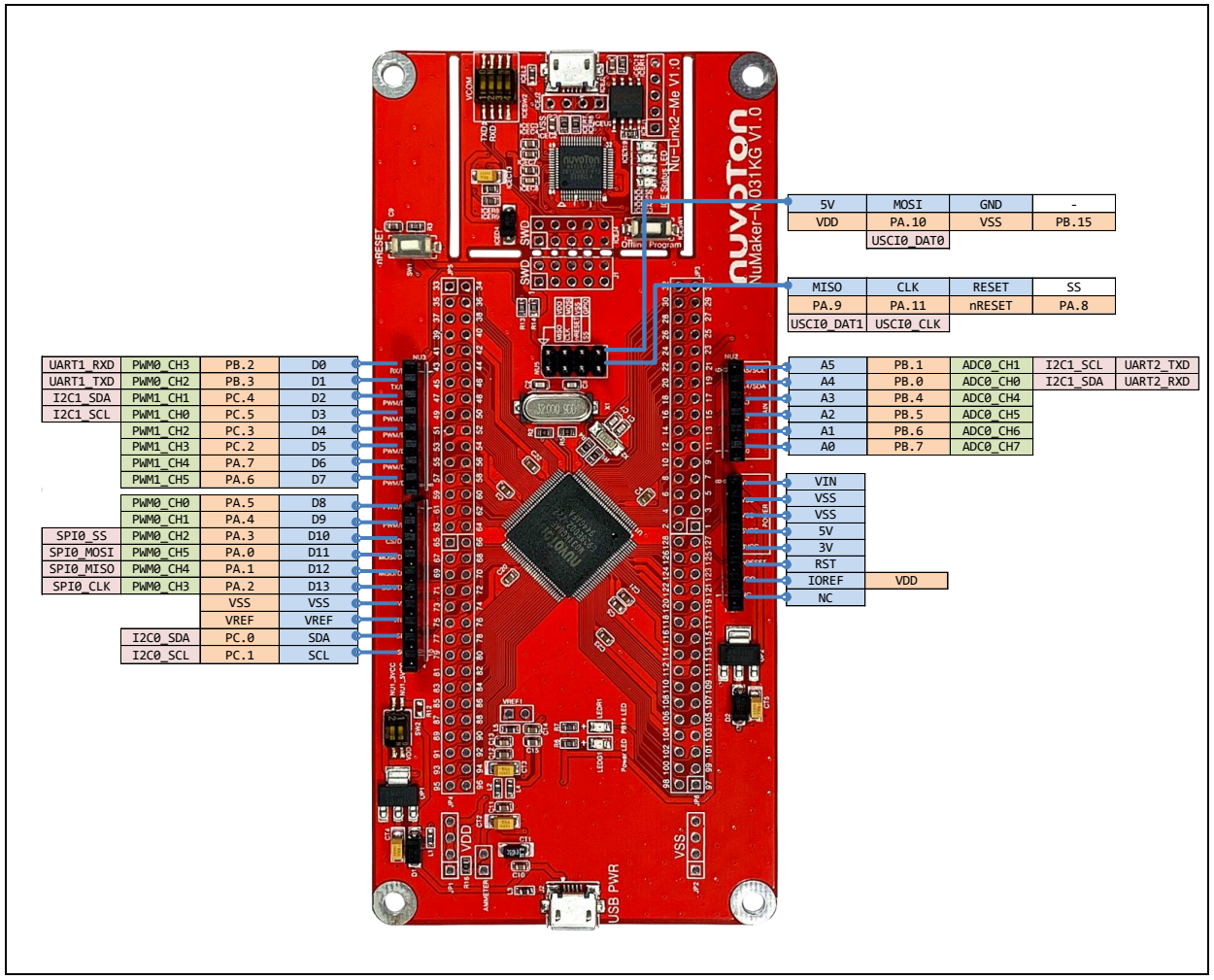


Figure 3-4 Arduino UNO Compatible Extension Connectors

Header		NuMaker-M031KG		Header		NuMaker-M031KG	
		Compatible to Arduino UNO	GPIO Pin of M031			Compatible to Arduino UNO	GPIO Pin of M031
NU3	NU3.1	D0	PB.2	NU2	NU2.6	A5	PB.1
	NU3.2	D1	PB.3		NU2.5	A4	PB.0
	NU3.3	D2	PC.4		NU2.4	A3	PB.4
	NU3.4	D3	PC.5		NU2.3	A2	PB.5
	NU3.5	D4	PC.3		NU2.2	A1	PB.6
	NU3.6	D5	PC.2		NU2.1	A0	PB.7
	NU3.7	D6	PA.7	NU1	NU1.8	VIN	-
	NU3.8	D7	PA.6		NU1.7	VSS	
NU4	NU4.1	D8	PA.5		NU1.6	VSS	
	NU4.2	D9	PA.4		NU1.5	5V	
	NU4.3	D10	PA.3		NU1.4	3V	
	NU4.4	D11	PA.0		NU1.3	RST	nRESET
	NU4.5	D12	PA.1		NU1.2	IOREF	V_{REF}
	NU4.6	D13	PA.2		NU1.1	NC	-
	NU4.7	VSS	V_{SS}				
	NU4.8	VREF	V_{REF}				
	NU4.9	SDA	PC.0				
	NU4.10	SCL	PC.1				

Table 3-3 Arduino UNO Extension Connectors and M031KG8AE Mapping GPIO List

3.4 Power Supply Configuration

The NuMaker-M031KG is able to adopt multiple power supply. External power source include NU1 Vin (7 V to 12 V), VDD (depends on target chip operating voltage), and PC through USB connector. By using switches and voltage regulator, multiple power domains can be created on the NuMaker-M031KG.

3.4.1 VIN Power Source

Table 3-4 presents the Vin power source.

Connector	Net Name in Schematic	Description
NU1 pin8	NU1_VIN	Board external power source, with voltage range from 7 V to 12 V. The voltage regulator UP2 converts the NU1 pin8 input voltage to 5 V and supplies it to NU1_5VCC.

Table 3-4 Vin Power Source

3.4.2 5 V Power Sources

Table 3-5 presents the 5 V power sources.

Connector	Net Name in Schematic	Description
ICEJ3	USB_HS_VBUS	ICE USB connector supplies 5 V power from PC to M031 platform and Nu-Link2-Me.
J2	USB_VBUS	USB connector on NuMaker-M031KG supplies 5 V power from PC to M031 platform and Nu-Link2-Me.
NU1 pin5	NU1_5VCC	ICEJ3, J2 or NU1 pin8 supplies 5 V power to NU1 pin5. NU1 pin5 supplies 5 V power to target chip or Arduino adapter board. **Note:** M031 operating voltage range is from 1.8 V to 3.6 V. Do not switch SW2.1 (NU1 5VCC) to ON.

Table 3-5 5 V Power Sources

3.4.3 3.3 V Power Sources

Table 3-6 presents the 3.3 V power sources.

Voltage Regulator	5 V Source	Description
ICEUP1	USB_HS_VBUS	ICEUP1 converts USB_HS_VBUS to 3.3 V and supplies 3.3 V to M031 platform or ICE chip.
UP1	USB_VBUS	UP1 converts USB_VBUS to 3.3 V and supplies 3.3 V to M031 platform. **Note:** SW2.2 (NU1 3VCC) should be switched to ON.
UP1	NU1_5VCC	UP1 converts NU1_5VCC to 3.3 V and supplies 3.3 V to M031 platform. **Note:** SW2.2 (NU1 3VCC) should be switched to ON.

Table 3-6 3.3 V Power Sources

3.4.4 1.8 V Power Sources

Table 3-7 presents the 1.8 V power source.

Voltage Regular	5V Source	Description
ICEUP2	USB_HS_VBUS	ICEUP2 converts USB_HS_VBUS to 1.8 V and supplies 1.8 V to M031 platform or ICE chip.

Table 3-7 1.8 V Power Sources

3.4.5 Power Connectors

Table 3-8 presents the power connectors.

Connector	Description
JP1	V_{DD} connector on the NuMaker-M031KG. **Note:** M031 operating voltage range is from 1.8 V to 3.6 V.
JP2	V_{SS} connector on the NuMaker-M031KG.

Table 3-8 Power Connectors

3.4.6 USB Connectors

Table 3-9 presents the USB connectors.

Connector	Description
ICEJ3	ICE USB connector on Nu-Link2-Me for power supply, debugging and programming from PC.
J2	USB FS connector on NuMaker-M031KG for power supply.

Table 3-9 USB Connectors

3.4.7 Power Switches

Table 3-10 presents the power switches.

Switch	Description
ICEJPR1	Configures the target chip operating voltage at 1.8 V / 3.3 V / 5 V. **Note:** M031 operating voltage range is from 1.8 V to 3.6 V. Do not switch ICEJPR1 (MCUVCC) to 5 V.
ICEJPR2	Configures the ICE chip operating voltage at 1.8 V / 3.3 V.
SW2	Configures the target chip operating voltage at 3.3 V / 5 V. **Note:** M031 operating voltage range is from 1.8 V to 3.6 V. Do not switch SW2.1 (NU1 5VCC) to ON.

Table 3-10 Power Switches

3.4.8 Power Supply Models

3.4.8.1 External Power Supply through Nu-Link2-Me to Target Chip

The external power supply source on Nu-Link2-Me is shown in Figure 3-5.

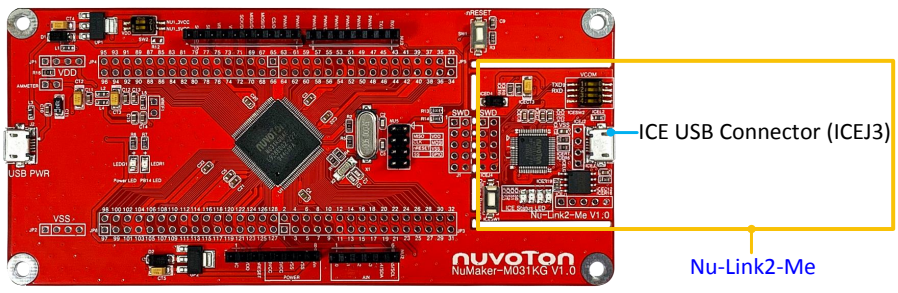


Figure 3-5 External Power Supply Sources on Nu-Link2-Me

To use ICEJ3 as external power supply source with Nu-Link2-Me, please follow the below steps:

1. Solder the resistor on ICEJPR1 (MCUVCC) depends on the target chip operating voltage.
2. Solder the resistor on ICEJPR2 (ICEVCC) depends on the ICE chip operating voltage.
3. Switch the SW2 to OFF.
4. Connect the external power supply to ICEJ3.

Table 3-11 presents all power models when supplies external power through Nu-Link2-Me. The Nu-Link2-Me external power sources are highlighted in yellow.

Model	Target Chip Voltage	ICEJ3	ICEJPR1 (MCUVCC) Selection [1]	ICEJPR2 (ICEVCC) Selection [2]	ICE Chip Voltage	SW2 Selection	J2	Vin	JP1
1	1.8 V	Connect to PC	1.8 V	1.8 V	1.8 V	Off	X	X	1.8 V output
2	3.3 V	Connect to PC	3.3 V (default)	3.3 V (default)	3.3 V	Off	X	X	3.3 V output
3	5 V	Connect to PC	5 V	3.3 V (default)	3.3 V	Off	X	X	5 V output
	Note: 1. 0 Ω should be soldered between ICEJPR1's MCUVCC and 1.8 V / 3.3 V / 5 V. 2. 0 Ω should be soldered between ICEJPR2's ICEVCC and 1.8 V / 3.3 V. 3. X: Unused.								

Table 3-11 Supply External Power through Nu-Link2-Me

3.4.8.2 External Power Supply through M031 platform to Target Chip

The external power supply sources on M031 platform are shown in Figure 3-6.

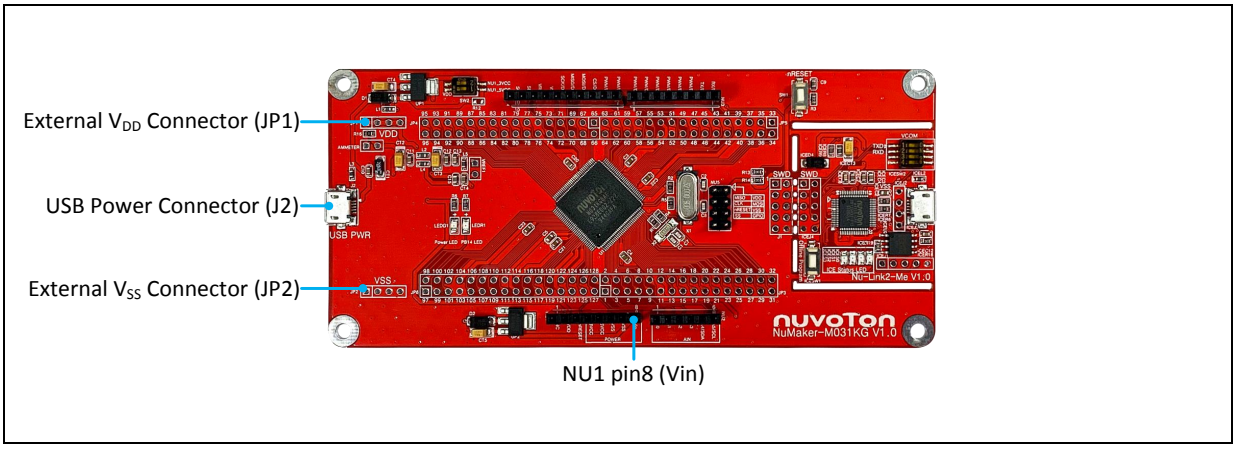


Figure 3-6 External Power Supply Sources on M031 platform

To use Vin or J2 as external power supply source, please follow the below steps:

1. Switch the SW2 depends on the target chip operating voltage.
2. Remove the resistor on ICEJPR1 (MCUVCC).
3. Solder the resistor on ICEJPR2 (ICEVCC) depends on the ICE chip operating voltage.
4. Connect the external power supply to Vin or J2.

To use JP1 as external power supply source, please follow the below steps:

1. Switch the SW2 to OFF.
2. Remove the resistor on ICEJPR1 (MCUVCC).
3. Solder the resistor on ICEJPR2 (ICEVCC) depends on the ICE chip operating voltage.
4. Connect ICEJ3 to PC.
5. Connect the external power supply to JP1.

To use Vin or J2 as external power supply source with Nu-Link2-Me separated from NuMaker-M031KG, please follow the below steps:

1. Switch the SW2 depends on the target chip operating voltage.
2. Detach the Nu-Link2-Me from NuMaker-M031KG.
3. Connect the external power supply to Vin or J2.

To use JP1 as external power supply source with Nu-Link2-Me separated from NuMaker-M031KG, please follow the below steps:

1. Switch the SW2 to OFF.
2. Detach the Nu-Link2-Me from NuMaker-M031KG.
3. Connect the external power supply to JP1.

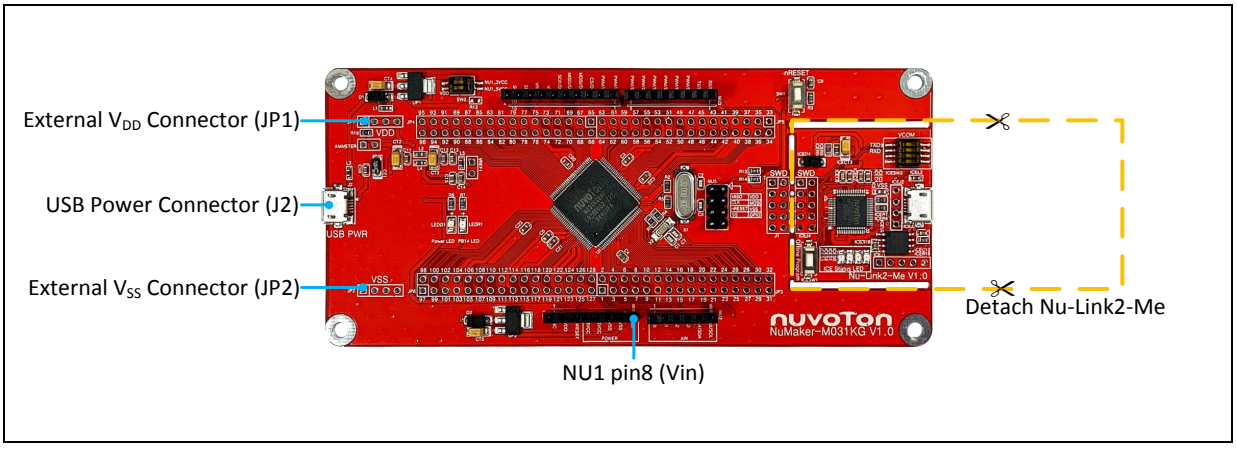


Figure 3-7 Detach the Nu-Link2-Me from NuMaker-M031KG

Table 3-12 presents all power models when supplies external power through M031 platform. The M031 platform external power sources are highlighted in yellow.

Model	Target Chip Voltage	Vin [1]	J2[1]	ICEJ3	SW2 Selection	JP1[2]	ICEJPR1 (MCUVCC) Selection [3]	ICEJPR2 (ICEVCC) Selection [4]	ICE Chip Voltage [5]
4	3.3 V	7 V ~ 12 V Input	X	X	NU1 3VCC	3.3 V output	Remove resistor	3.3 V	3.3 V
5	3.3 V	X	Connect to PC	X	NU1 3VCC	3.3 V output	Remove resistor	3.3 V	3.3 V
6	5 V	7 V ~ 12 V Input	X	X	NU1 5VCC	5 V output	Remove resistor	3.3 V	3.3 V
7	5 V	X	Connect to PC	X	NU1 5VCC	5 V output	Remove resistor	3.3 V	3.3 V
8	1.8 V ~ 3.6 V	X	X	Connect to PC	OFF	DC Input 1.8 V ~ 3.6 V	Remove resistor	1.8 V / 3.3 V	1.8 V / 3.3 V
9	1.8 V ~ 3.6 V	X	X	Nu-Link2-Me removed	OFF	DC Input 1.8 V ~ 3.6 V	X	X	X

Note:

1. The Vin input voltage will be converted by voltage regulator UP2 to 5 V. Supply external power to Vin or J2 can provide 5 V to NU1 pin5 (5V) and 3.3 V to NU1 pin4 (3VCC).
2. JP1 external power input only provides voltage to target chip.
3. 0 Ω should be removed from ICEJPR1's MCUVCC and 1.8 V / 3.3 V / 5 V.
4. 0 Ω should be soldered between ICEJPR2's ICEVCC and 1.8 V / 3.3 V.
5. The ICE chip voltage should be close to the target chip voltage.
6. X: Unused

Table 3-12 Supply External Power for M031 platform

3.5 External Reference Voltage Connector

Table 3-14 presents the external reference voltage connector.

Connector	Description
VREF1	Connector for user to connect to the external reference voltage pin of the target chip. User needs to remove the L5 ferrite bead.

Table 3-13 External Reference Voltage Connector

3.6 Ammeter Connector

Table 3-14 presents the ammeter connector.

Connector	Description
AMMETER	Connector for user to measure the target chip power consumption easily. User needs to remove the R16 resistor.

Table 3-14 Ammeter Connector

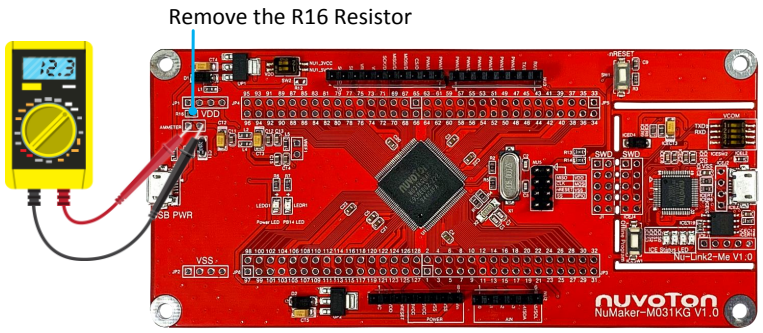


Figure 3-8 Wiring between Ammeter Connector and Ammeter

3.7 Push Buttons

Table 3-15 presents the push buttons.

Component	Description
ICESW1	Offline program button to start offline ICP programming the target chip.
SW1	Reset button to reset the target chip.

Table 3-15 Push-Buttons

3.8 LEDs

Table 3-16 presents the LEDs.

Component	Description
Power LED	The power LED indicates that the NuMaker-M031KG is powered.
PB14 LED	The LED is connected to the target chip PB.14.
ICES0, ICES1, ICES2 and ICES3	Nu-Link2-Me status LED.

Table 3-16 LEDs

3.9 Nu-Link2-Me

The Nu-Link2-Me is an attached on-board debugger and programmer. The Nu-Link2-Me supports on-chip debugging, online and offline ICP programming through SWD interface. The Nu-Link2-Me also supports virtual COM port (VCOM) for printing debug messages on PC. Besides, the programming status could be shown on the built-in LEDs. Lastly, the Nu-Link2-Me could be detached from the development board and becoming a stand-alone mass production programmer.

3.9.1 VCOM Switches

Table 3-17 presents how to set the VCOM function by ICESW2.

ICESW2		
Pin	**Function**	**Description**
1	TXD	**On**: Connect target chip PB.13 (UART0_TXD) to Nu-Link2-Me. **Off**: Disconnect target chip PB.13 (UART0_TXD) to Nu-Link2-Me.
2	RXD	**On**: Connect target chip PB.12 (UART0_RXD) to Nu-Link2-Me. **Off**: Disconnect target chip PB.12 (UART0_RXD) to Nu-Link2-Me.
Note: Pin 3 and 4 is unused.		

Table 3-17 VCOM Function of Nu-Link2-Me

4 QUICK START

4.1 Toolchains Supporting

Install the preferred toolchain. Please make sure at least one of the toolchains has been installed.

- KEIL MDK Nuvoton edition M0/M23
- IAR EWARM
- NuEclipse GCC (for Windows)
- NuEclipse GCC (for Linux)

4.2 Nuvoton Nu-Link Driver Installation

Download and install the latest Nuvoton Nu-Link Driver.

- Download and install Nu-Link_Keil_Driver when using Keil MDK.
- Download and install Nu-Link_IAR_Driver when using IAR EWARM.
- Skip this step when using NuEclipse.

Please install the Nu-Link USB Driver as well at the end of the installation. The installation is presented in Figure 4-1 and Figure 4-2.

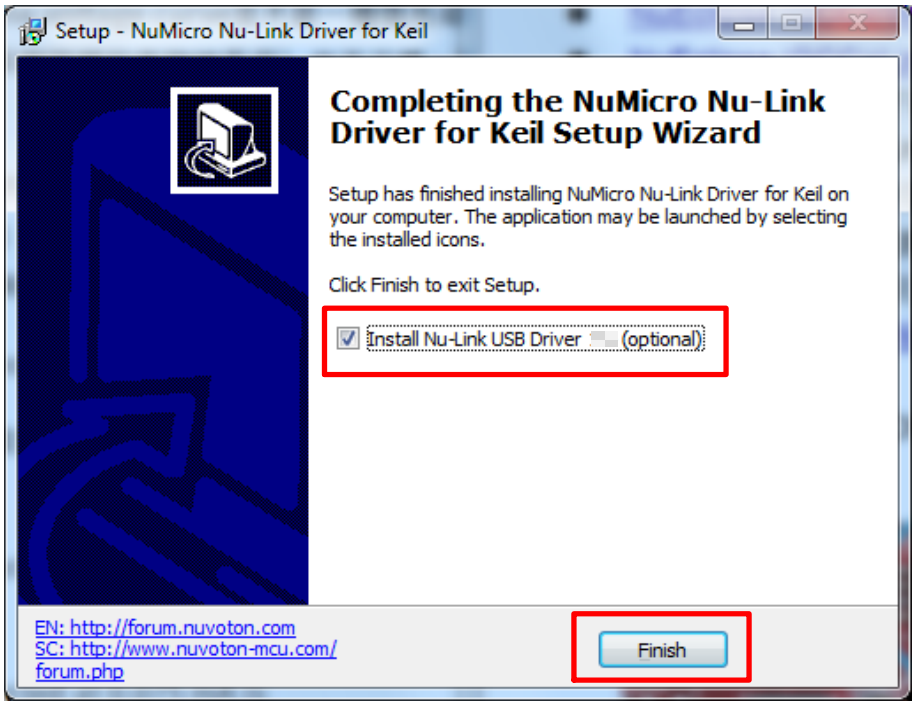


Figure 4-1 Nu-Link USB Driver Installation Setup

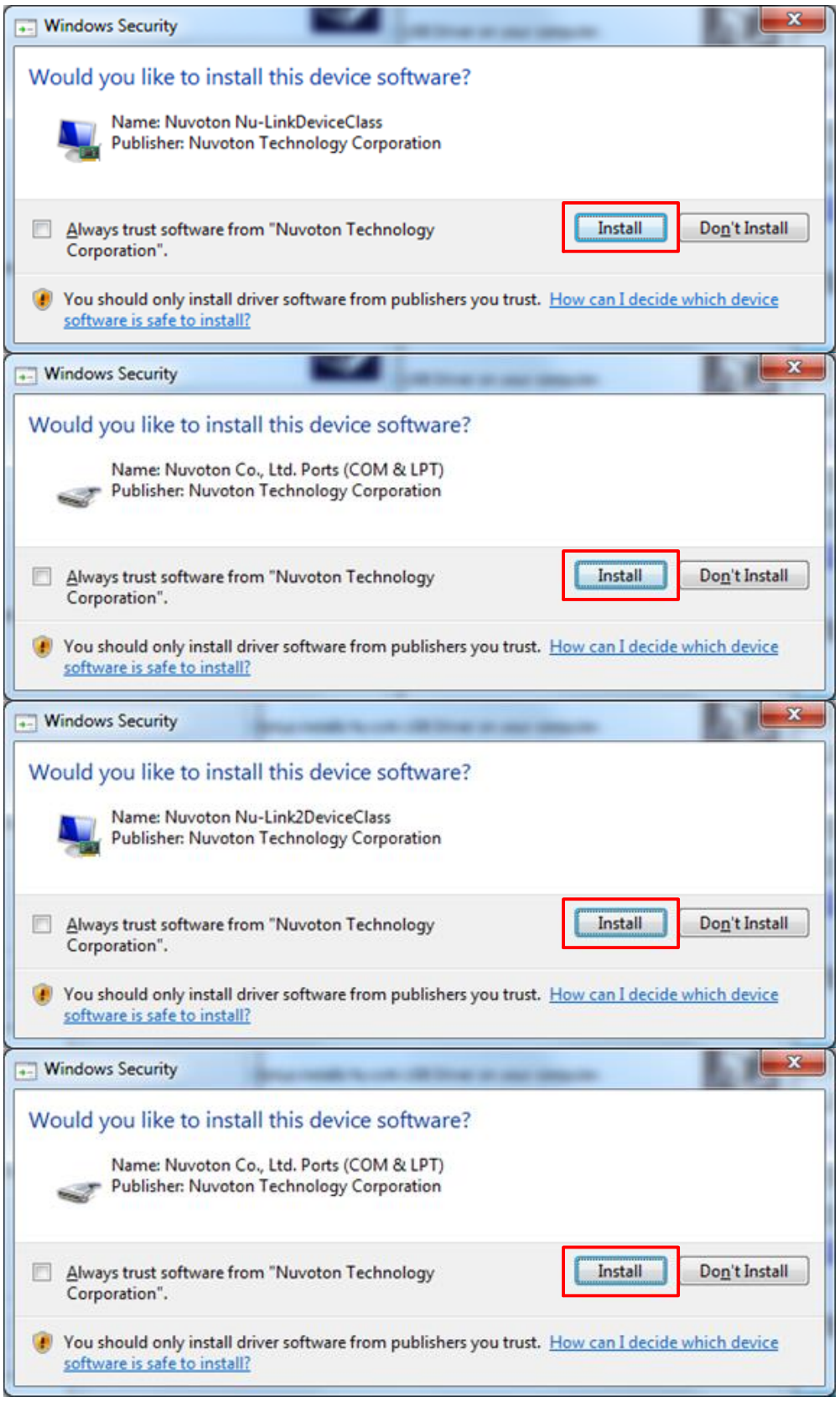


Figure 4-2 Nu-Link USB Driver Installation

4.3 BSP Firmware Download

Download and unzip the Board Support Package (BSP).

4.4 Hardware Setup

1. Open the virtual COM (VCOM) function by changing Nu-Link2-Me VCOM Switch No. 1 and 2 to ON.

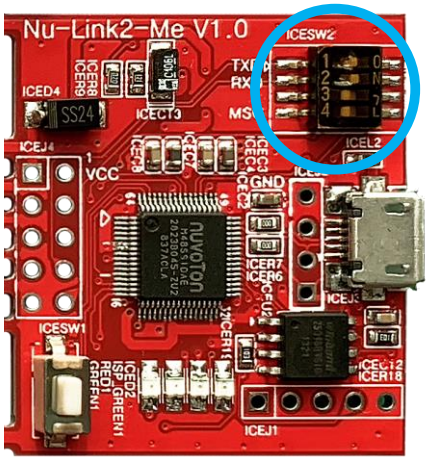


Figure 4-3 Open VCOM Function

2. Connect the ICE USB connector shown in Figure 4-4 to the PC USB port through USB cable.

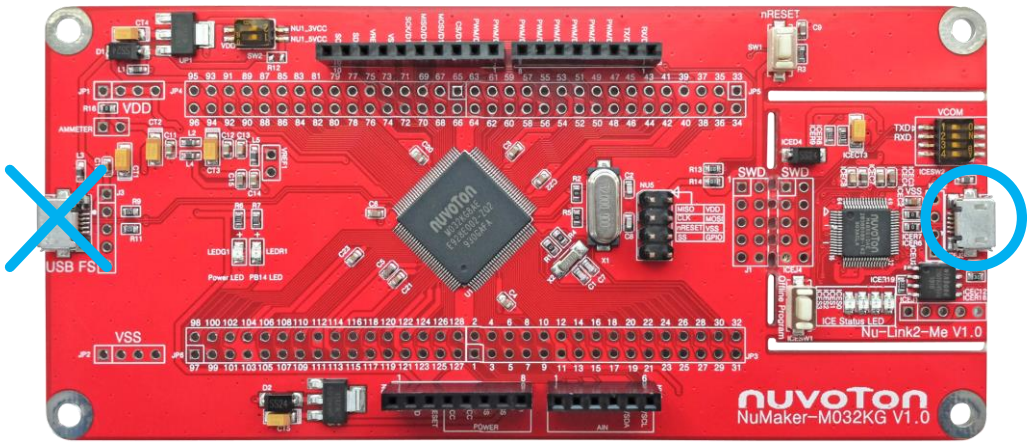


Figure 4-4 ICE USB Connector

3. Find the “Nuvoton Virtual COM Port” on the Device Manger as Figure 4-5.

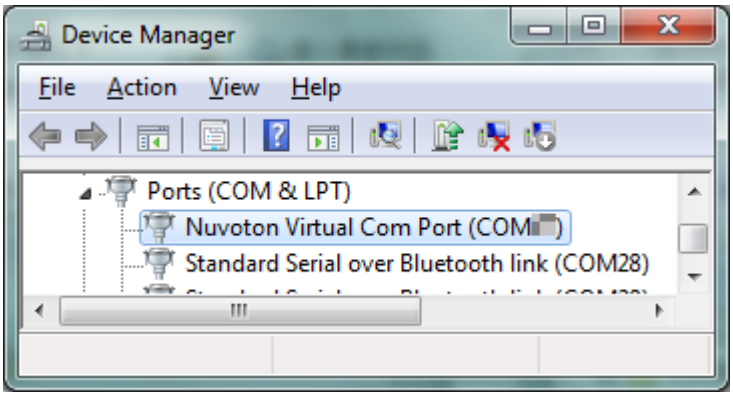


Figure 4-5 Device Manger

4. Open a serial port terminal, PuTTY for example, to print out debug message. Set the speed to 115200. Figure 4-6 presents the PuTTY session setting.

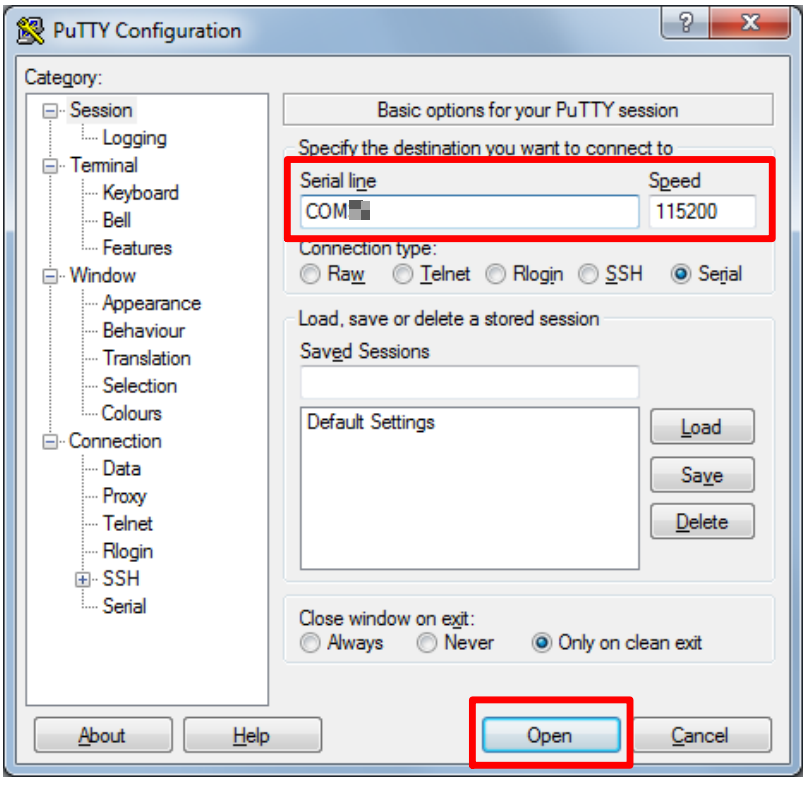


Figure 4-6 PuTTY Session Setting

4.5 Find the Example Project

Use the “Template” project as an example. The project can be found under the BSP folder as shown in Figure 4-7.

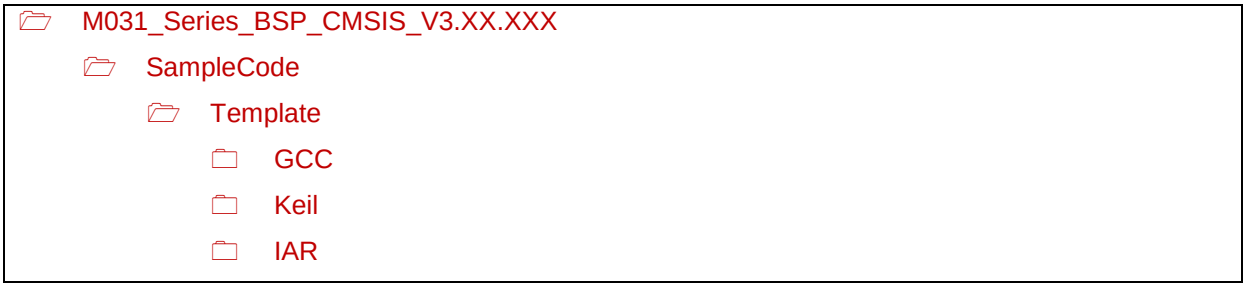


Figure 4-7 Template Project Folder Path

4.6 Execute the Project under Toolchains

Open and execute the project under the toolchain. The section 4.6.1, 4.6.2, and 4.6.3 describe the steps of executing project in Keil MDK, IAR EWARM and NuEclipse, respectively.

4.6.1 Keil MDK

This section provides steps to beginners on how to run a project by using Keil MDK.

1. Double click the “Template.uvproj” to open the project.

   Note: If Figure 4-8 warning message jumps out, please migrate to version 5 formats as shown in Figure 4-9. The “.uvproj” filename extension will change to “.uvprojx”.

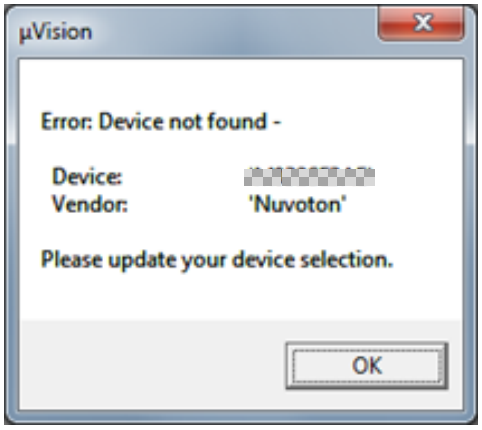


Figure 4-8 Warning Message of “Device not found”

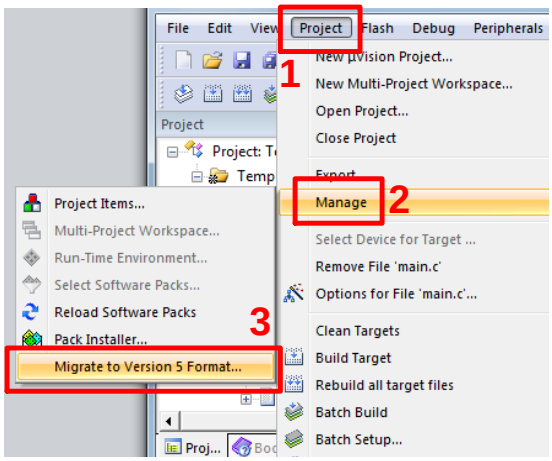


Figure 4-9 Project File Migrate to Version 5 Format

2. Make sure the debugger is “Nuvoton Nu-Link Debugger” as shown in Figure 4-10 and Figure 4-11.

   Note: If the dropdown menu in Figure 4-10 does not contain “Nuvoton Nu-Link Debugger” item, please rework section 4.2.

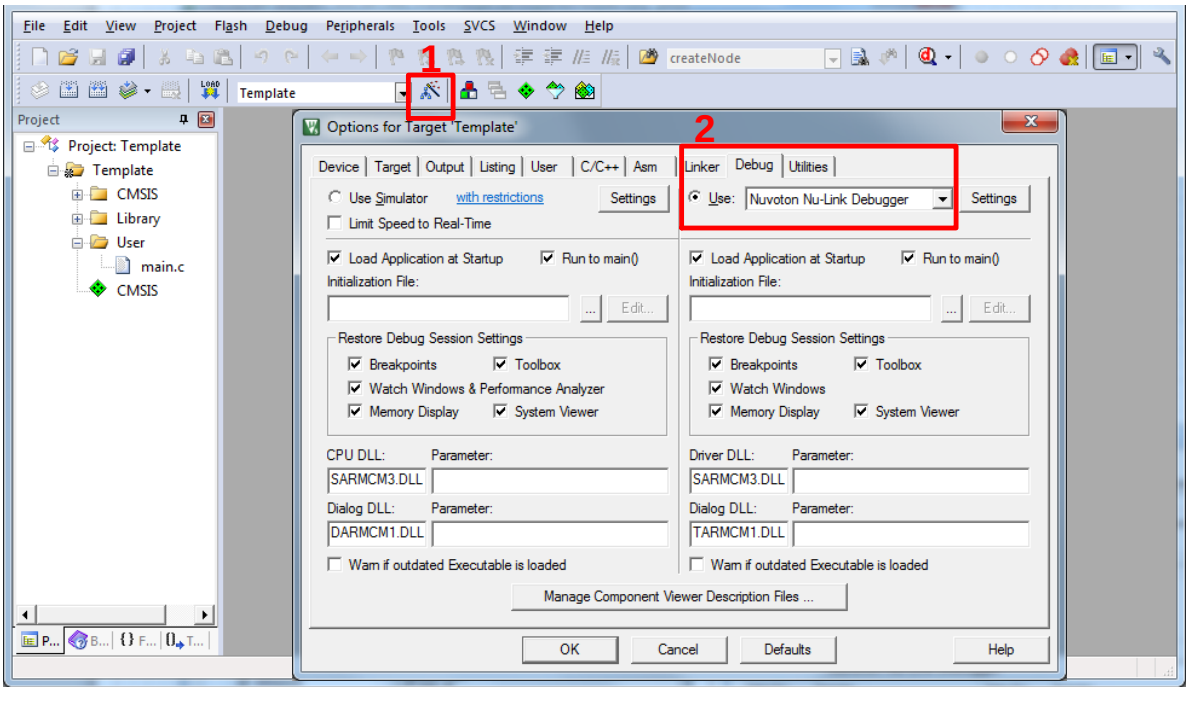


Figure 4-10 Debugger Setting in Options Window

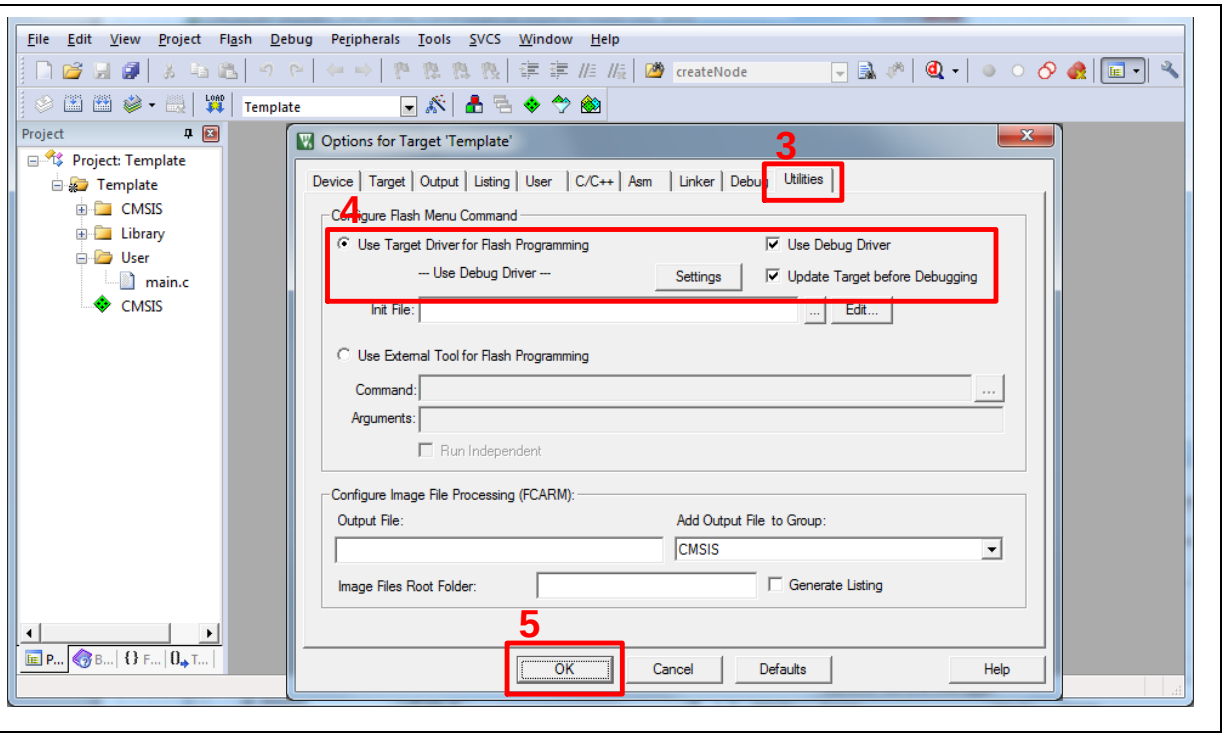


Figure 4-11 Programming Setting in Options Window

3. Rebuild all target files. After successfully compile the project, download code to the flash memory. Click “Start/Stop Debug Section” button can enter debug mode.

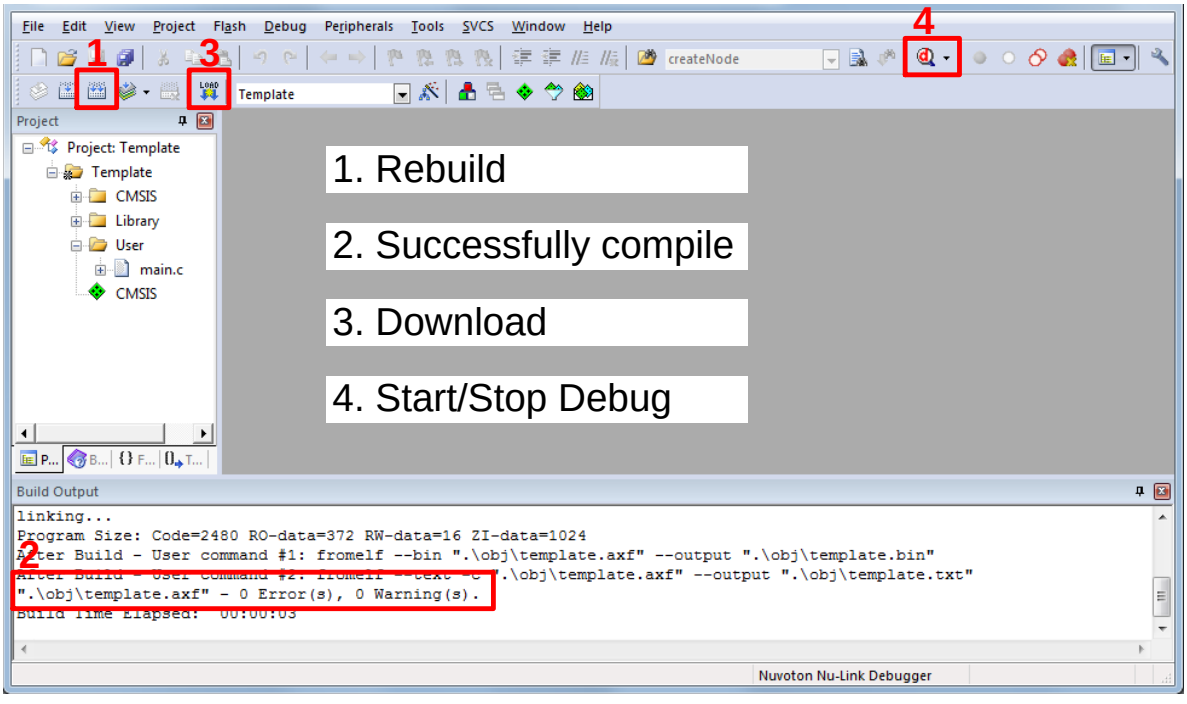


Figure 4-12 Compile and Download the Project

4. Figure 4-13 shows the debug mode under Keil MDK. Click “Run” and the debug message will be printed out as shown in Figure 4-14. User can debug the project under debug mode by checking source code, assembly language, peripherals’ registers, and setting breakpoint, step run, value monitor, etc.

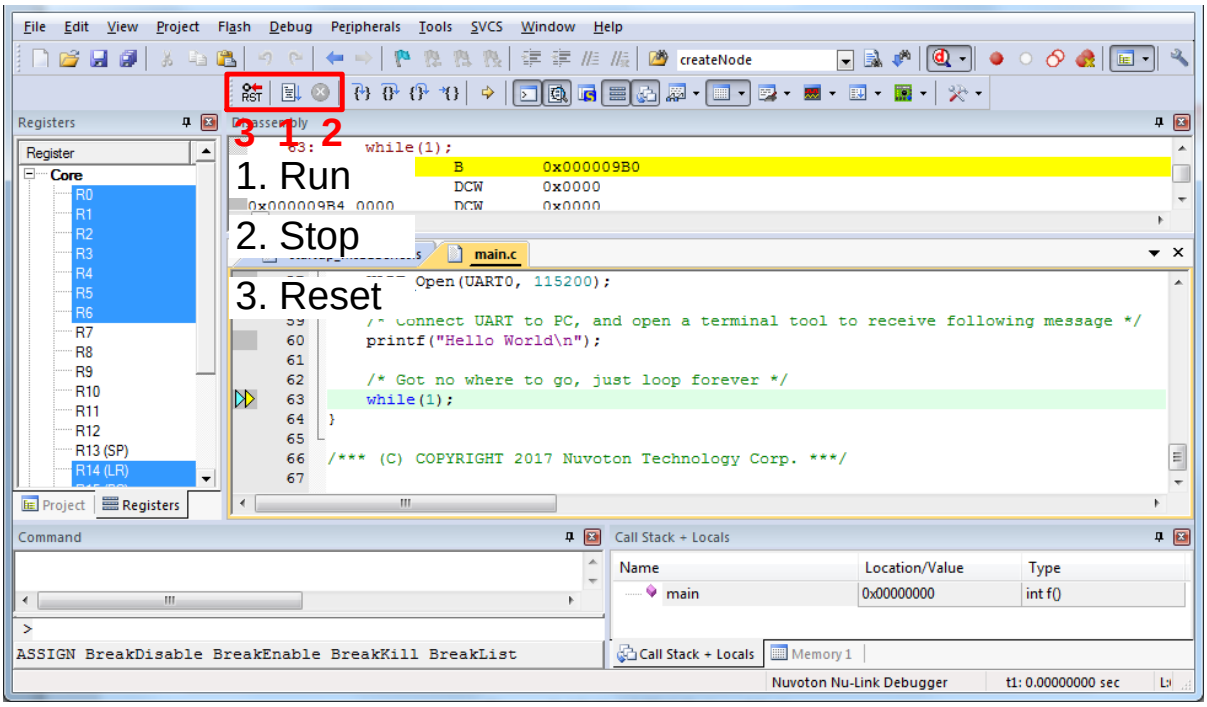


Figure 4-13 Keil MDK Debug Mode

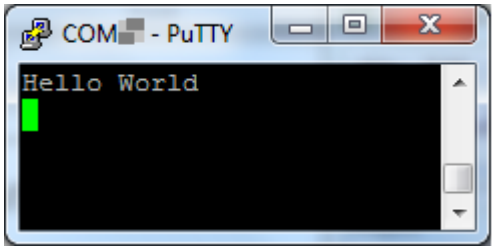


Figure 4-14 Debug Message on Serial Port Terminal Windows

4.6.2 IAR EWARM

This section provides steps to beginners on how to run a project by using IAR EWARM.

1. Double click the “Template.eww” to open the project.
2. Make sure the toolbar contain “Nu-Link” item as shown in Figure 4-15.

   Note: If the toolbar does not contain “Nu-Link” item, please rework section 4.2.

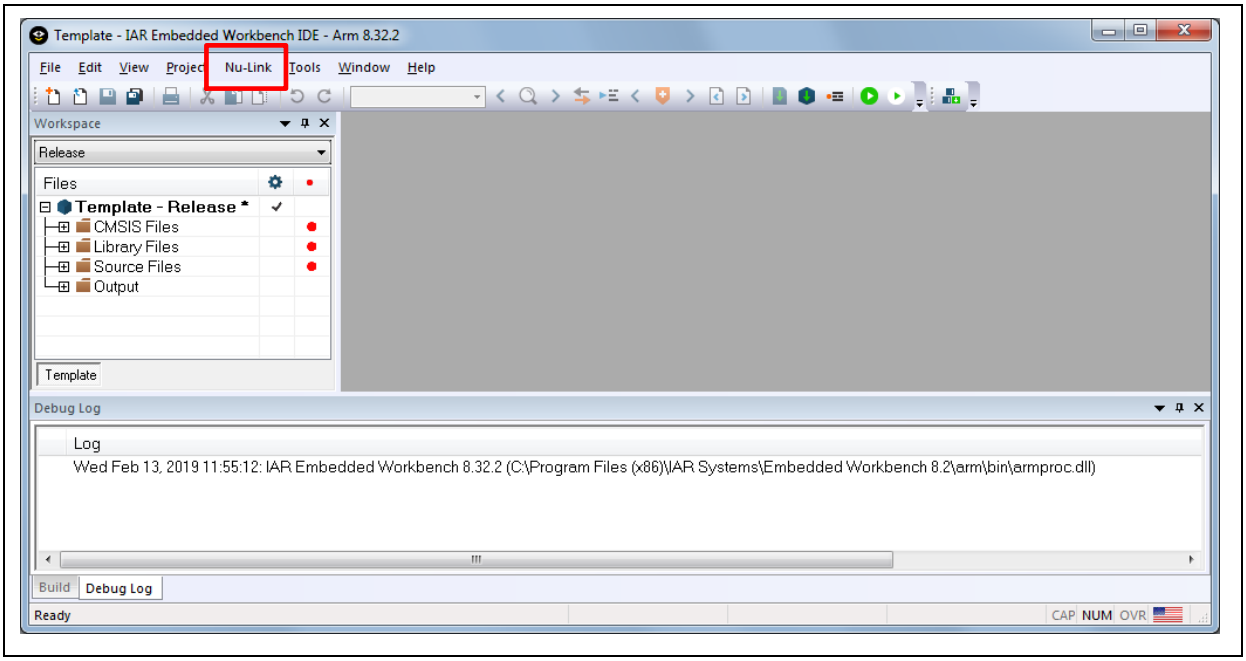


Figure 4-15 IAR EWARM Window

3. Make target file as presented in Figure 4-16. After successfully compile the project, download code to the flash memory and enter debug mode.

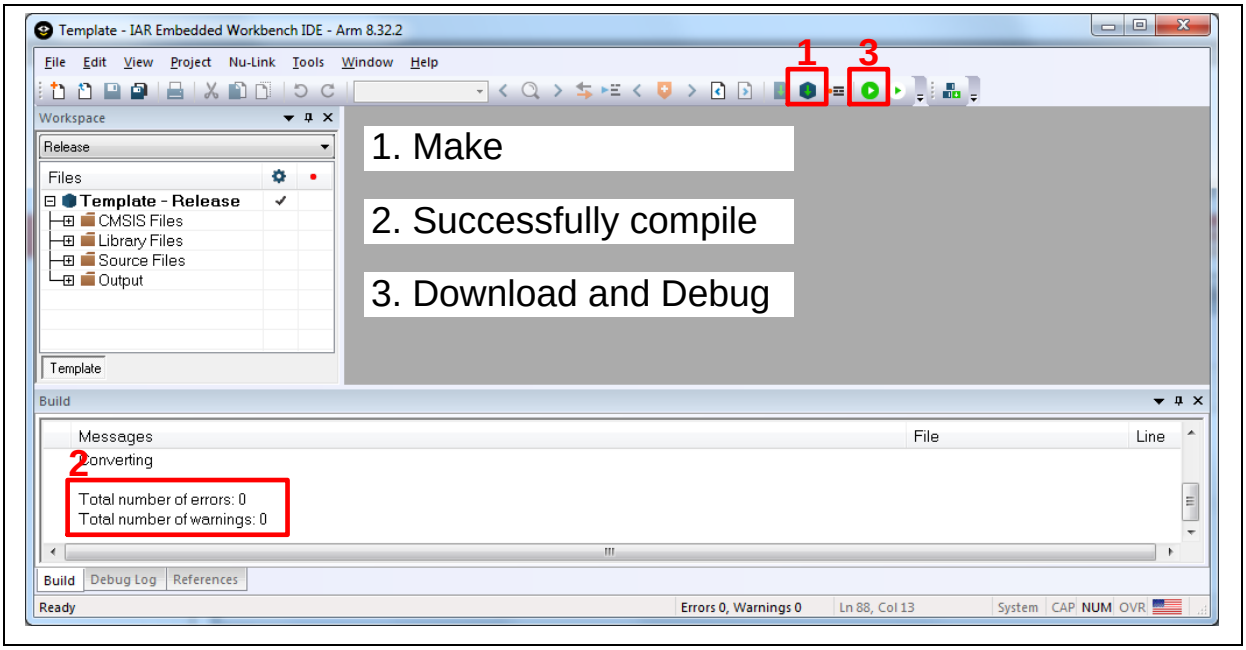


Figure 4-16 Compile and Download the Project

4. Figure 4-17 shows the debug mode under IAR EWARN. Click “Go” and the debug message will be printed out as shown in Figure 4-18. User can debug the project under debug mode by checking source code, assembly language, peripherals’ registers, and setting breakpoint, step run, value monitor, etc.

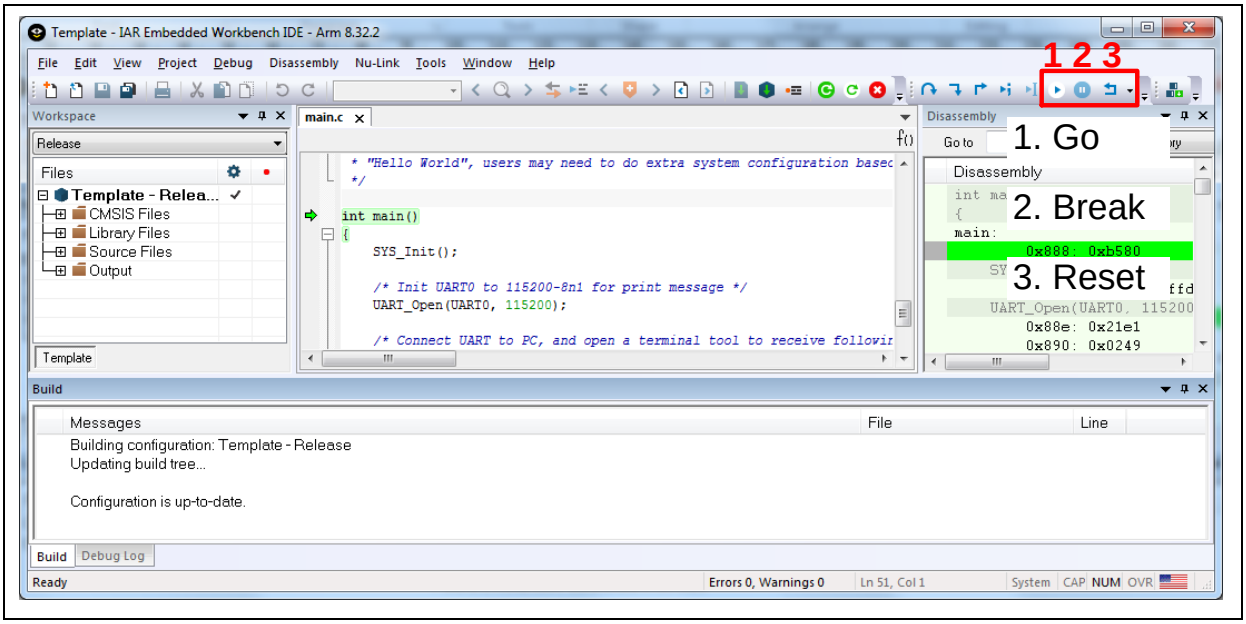


Figure 4-17 IAR EWARM Debug Mode

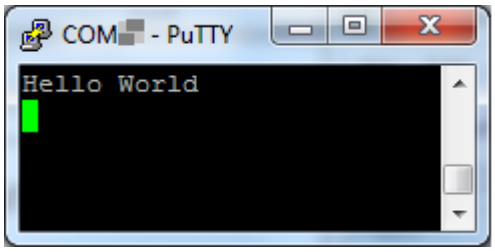


Figure 4-18 Debug Message on Serial Port Terminal Windows

4.6.3 NuEclipse

This section provides steps to beginners on how to run a project by using NuEclipse. Please make sure the filenames and project folder path contain neither invalid character nor space.

1. Double-click NuEclipse.exe to open the toolchain.
2. Import the “Template” project by following the steps presented in Figure 4-19 and Figure 4-20.

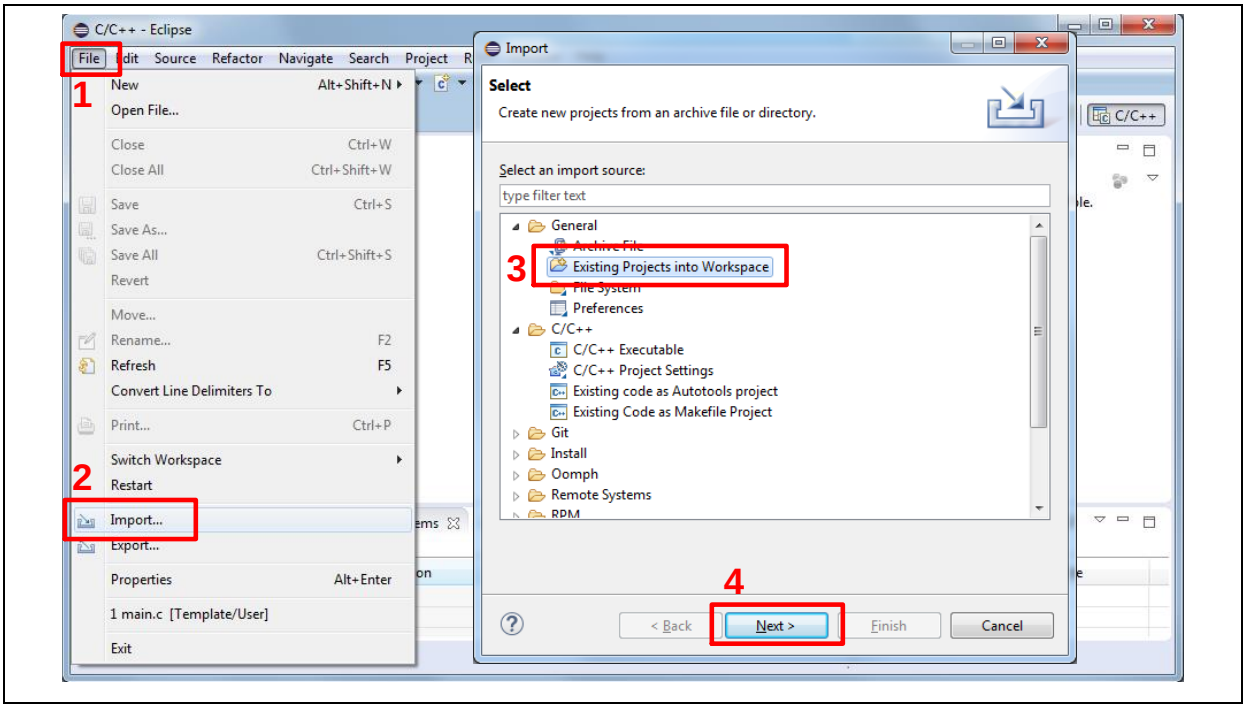


Figure 4-19 Import the Project in NuEclipse

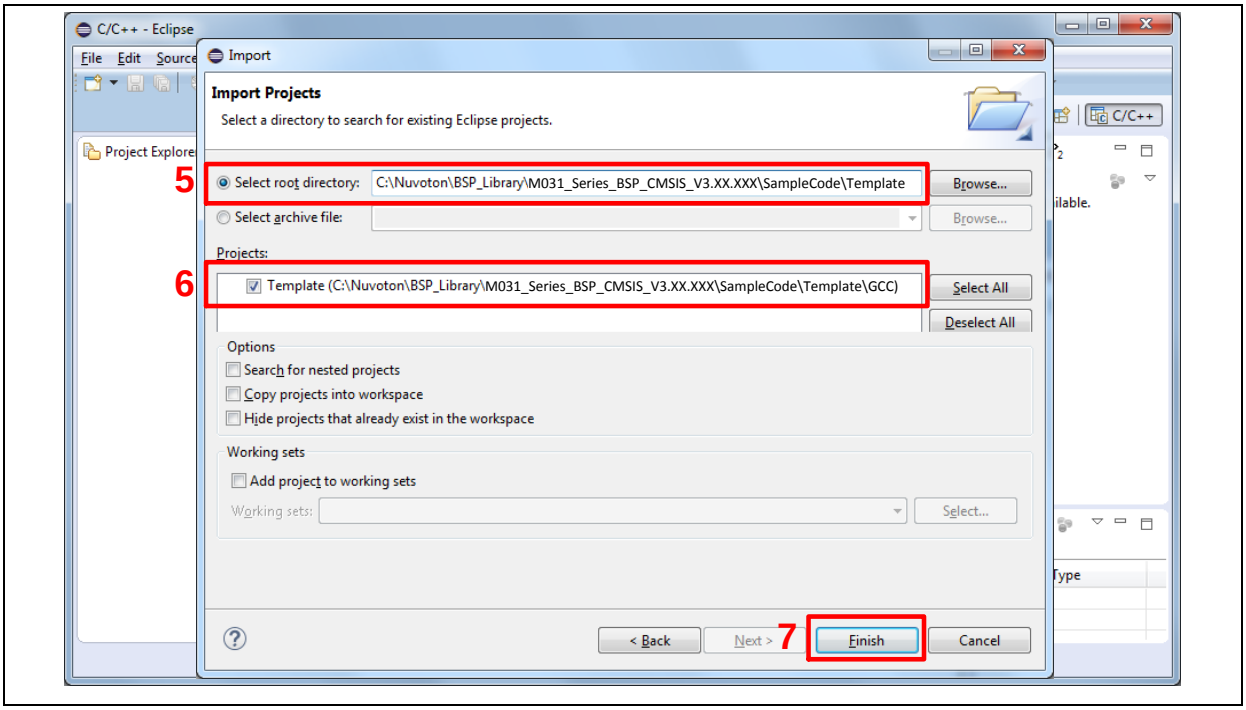


Figure 4-20 Import Projects Windows

3. Click the “Template” project and find the project properties as shown in Figure 4-21. Make sure the settings are the same as settings in Figure 4-22.

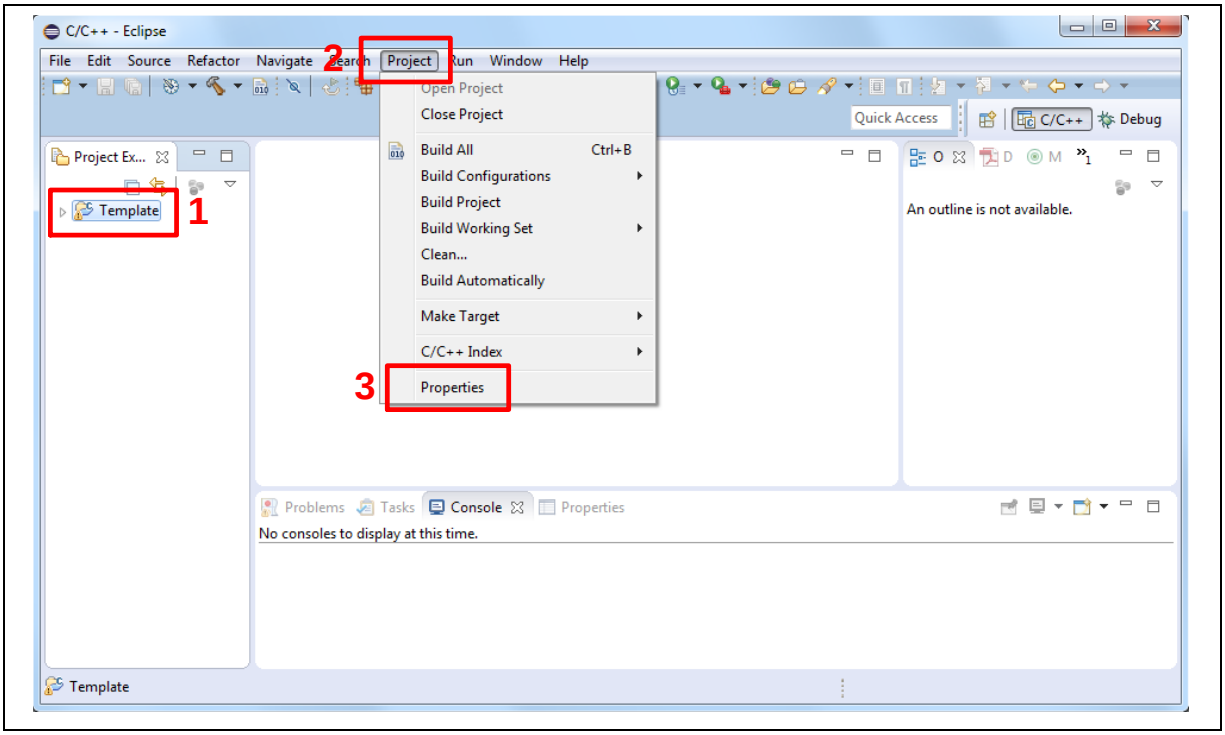


Figure 4-21 Open Project Properties Window

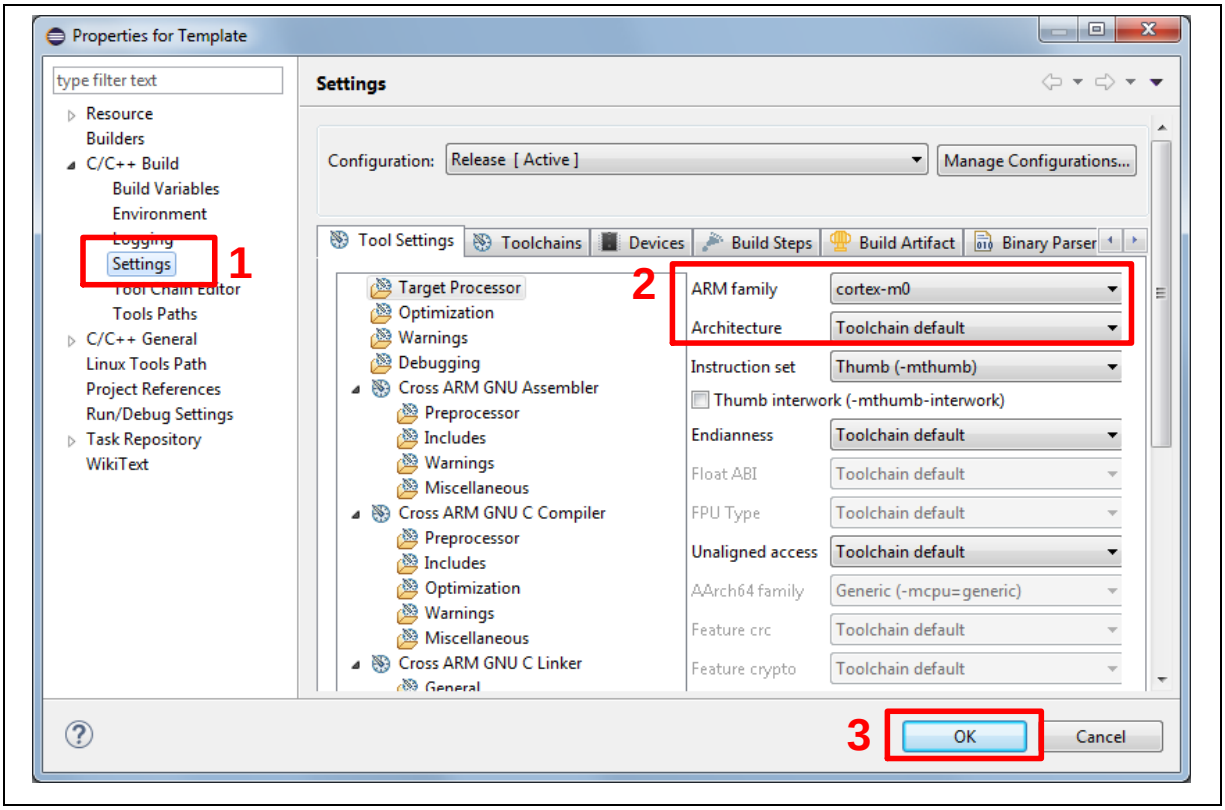


Figure 4-22 Project Properties Settings

4. Click the “Template” project and build the project.

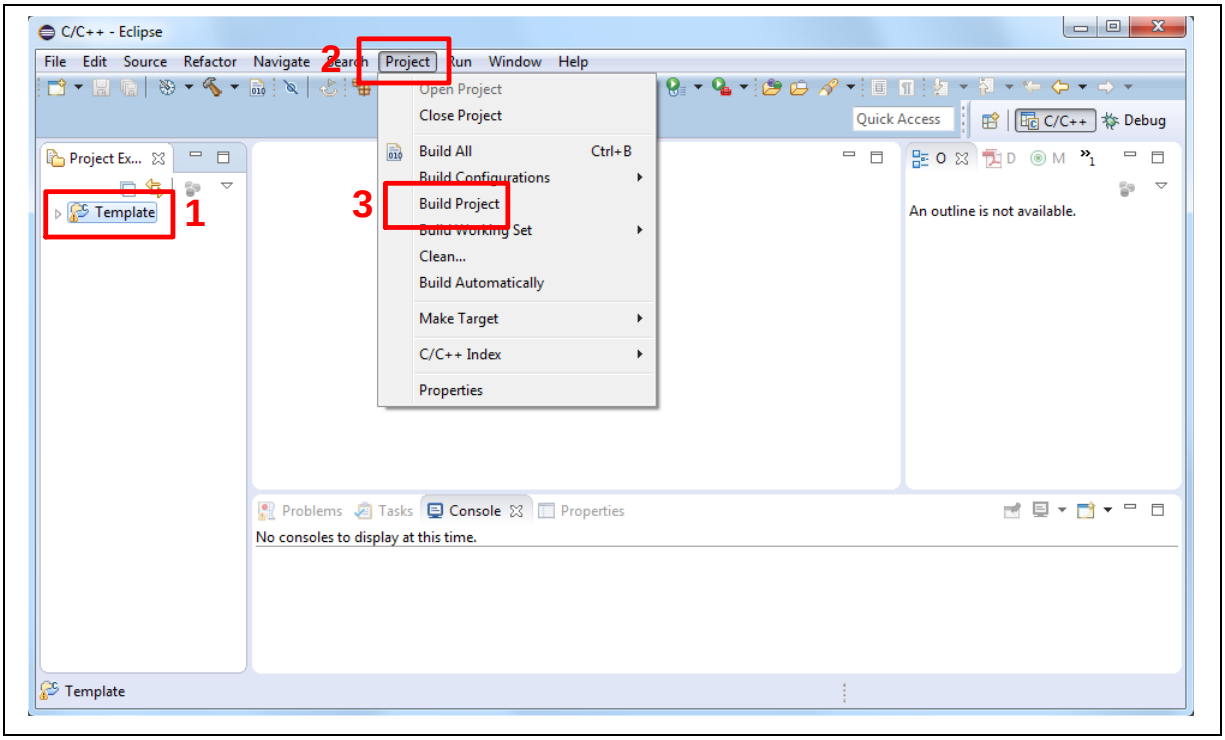


Figure 4-23 Build Project

5. After the project is built, click the “Template” project and set the “Debug Configuration” as shown in Figure 4-24. Follow the settings presented in Figure 4-25, Figure 4-26 and Figure 4-27 to enter debug mode.

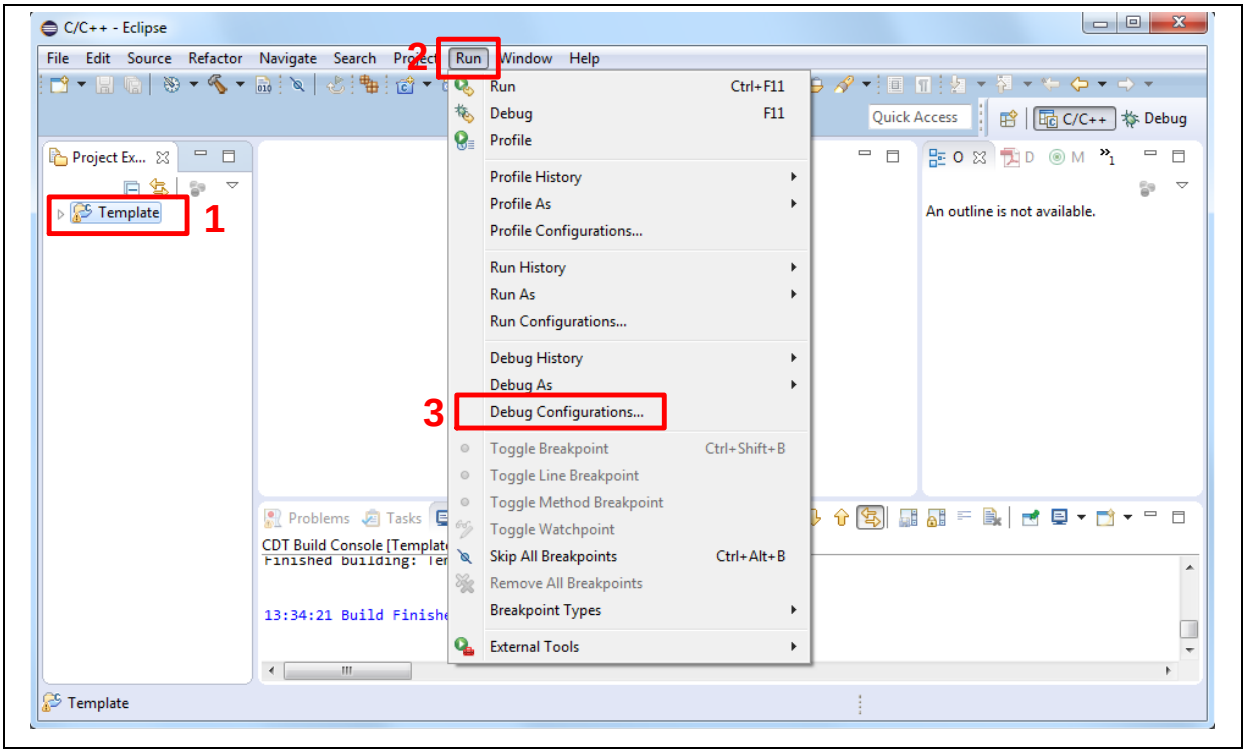
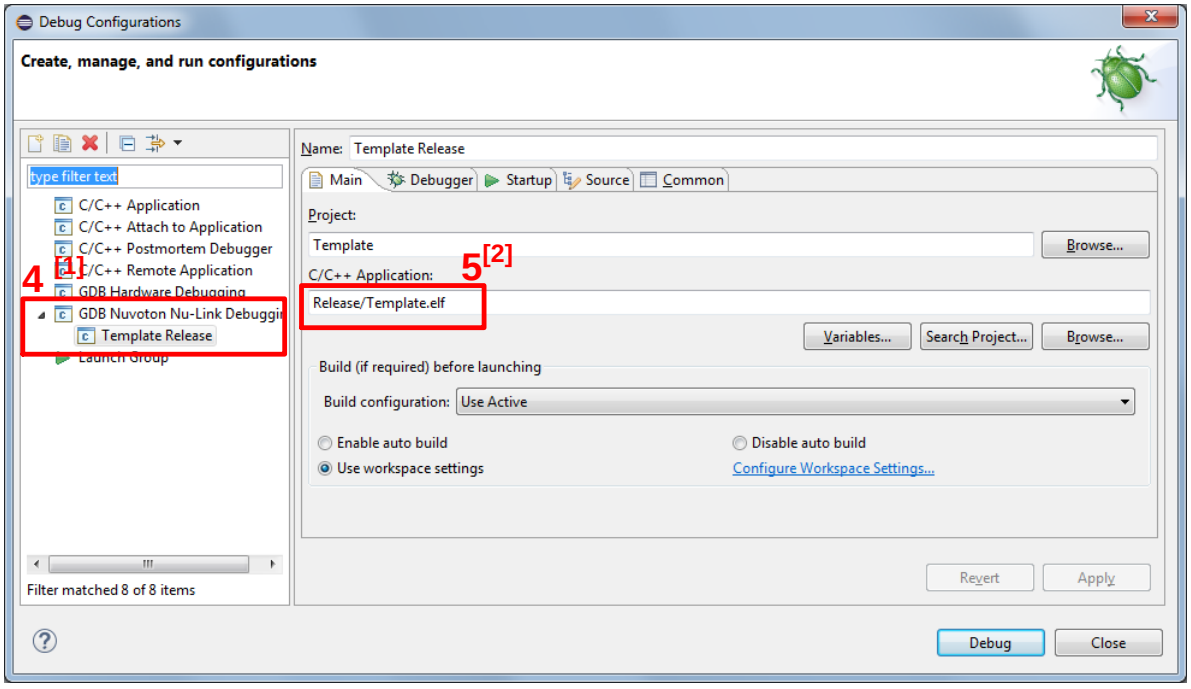


Figure 4-24 Open Debug Configuration



Note 1: Double click the “GDB Nuvoton Nu-Link Debugging” to create the subitem.

Note 2: After the project is built, the “*.elf” file will be shown in “C/C++ Application” frame.

Figure 4-25 Main Tab Configuration

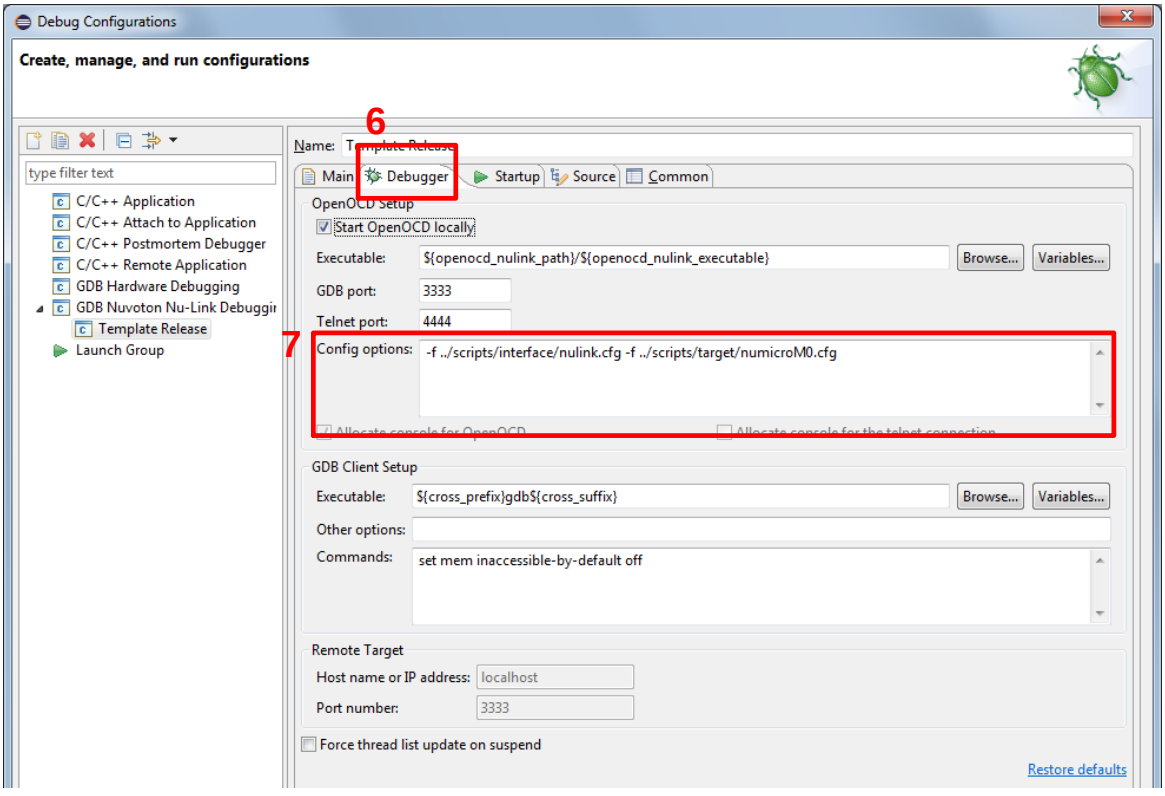
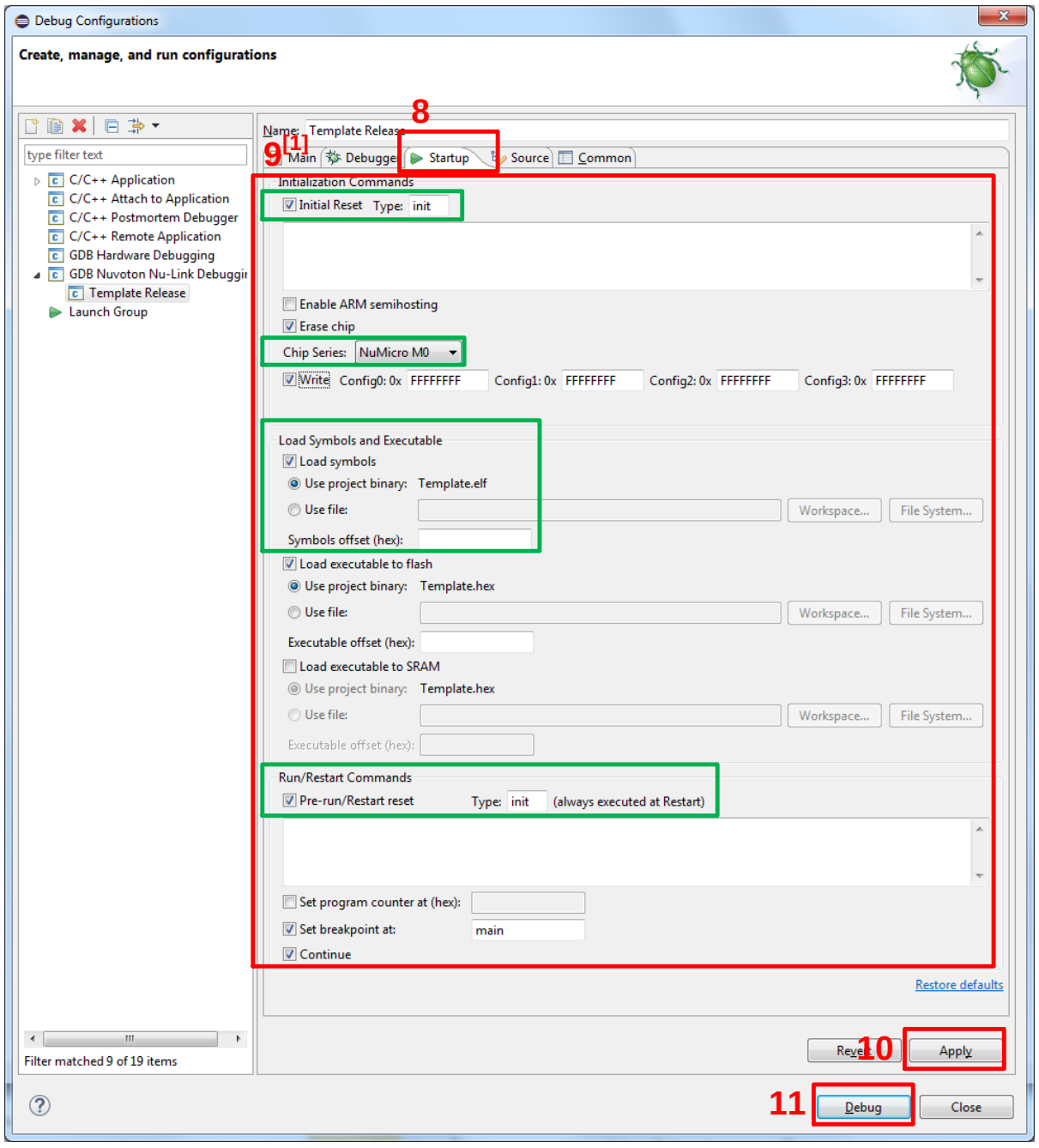


Figure 4-26 Debugger Tab Configuration



Note 1: User must follow those settings highlighted in green, and can configure other settings depend on the needs.

Figure 4-27 Startup Tab Configuration

6. Figure 4-28 shows the debug mode under NuEclipse. Click “Resume” and the debug message will be printed out as shown in Figure 4-29. User can debug the project under debug mode by checking source code, assembly language, peripherals’ registers, and setting breakpoint, step run, value monitor, etc. For more information about how to use NuEclipse, please refer to the NuEclipse User Manual.

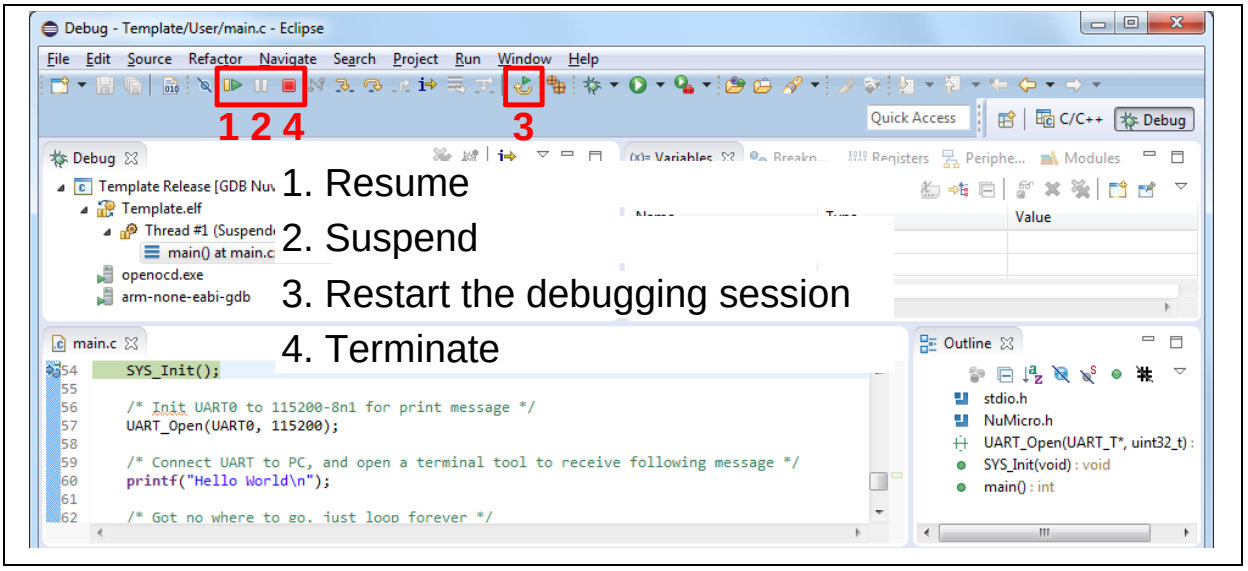


Figure 4-28 NuEclipse Debug Mode

Figure 4-29 Debug Message on Serial Port Terminal Windows

5 NUMAKER-M031KG SCHEMATICS

5.1 Nu-Link2-Me

Figure 5-1 shows the Nu-Link2-Me circuit.

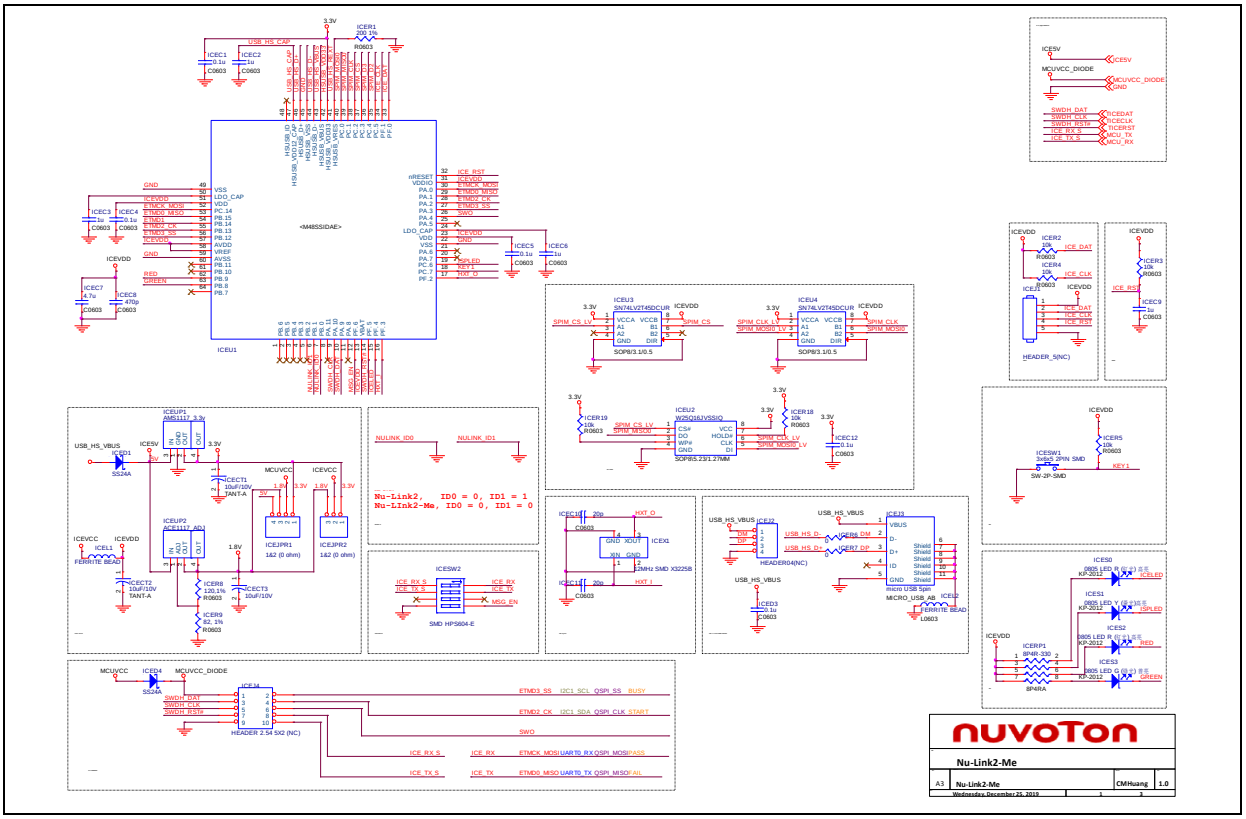


Figure 5-1 Nu-Link2-Me Circuit

5.2 M031 platform

Figure 5-2 shows the M031 platform circuit.

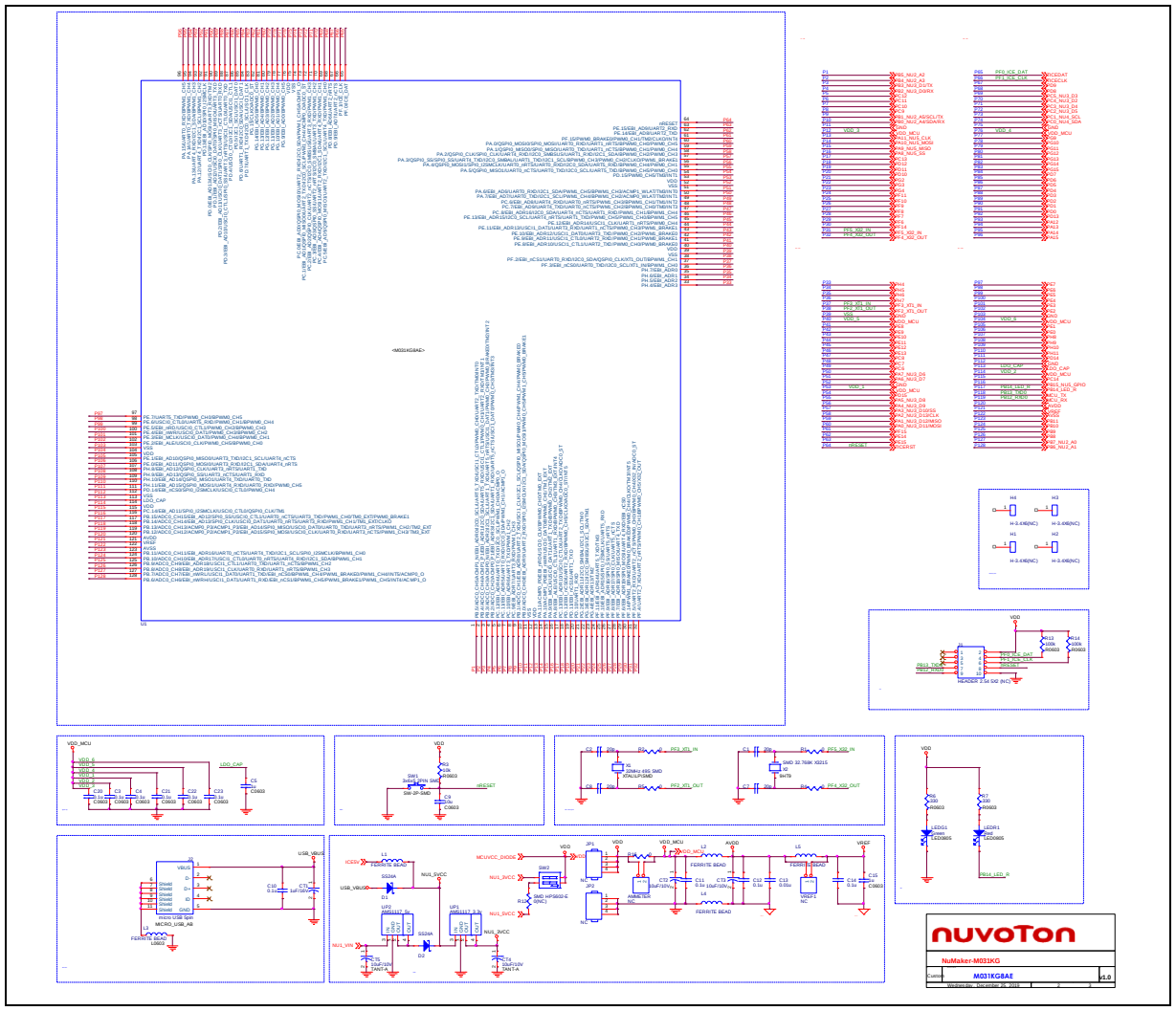


Figure 5-2 M031 platform Circuit

5.3 Extension Connector

Figure 5-3 shows extension connectors of NuMaker-M031KG.

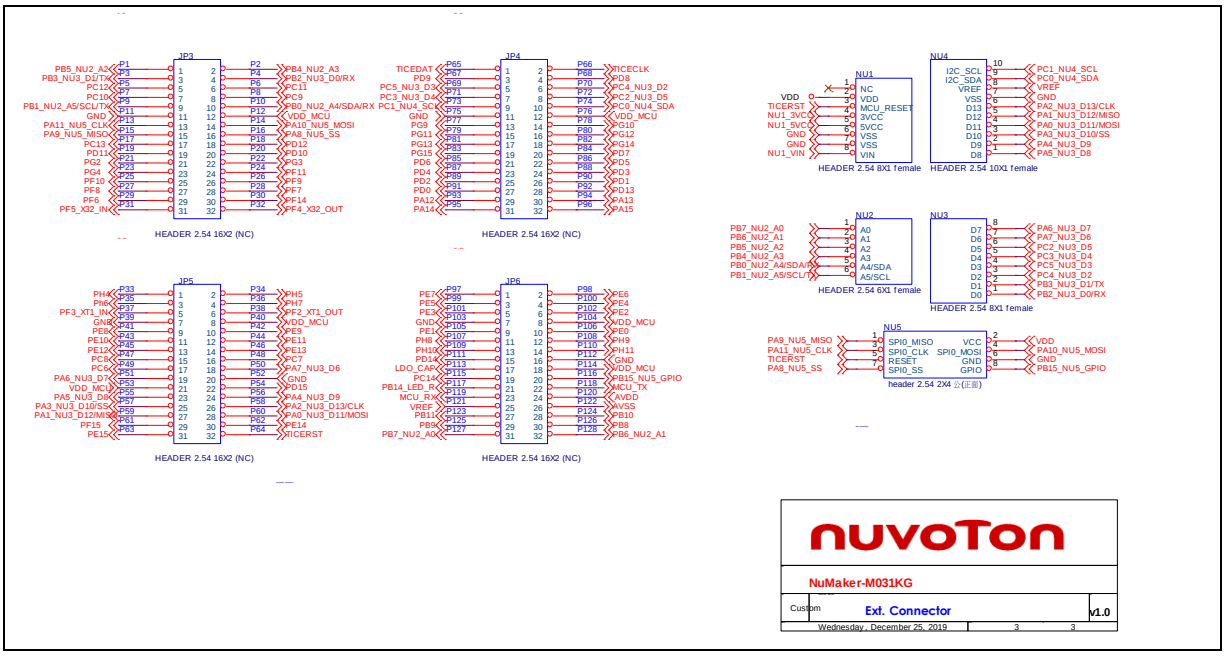


Figure 5-3 Extension Connectors Circuit

5.4 PCB Placement

Figure 5-4 and Figure 5-5 show the front and rear placement of NuMaker-M031KG.

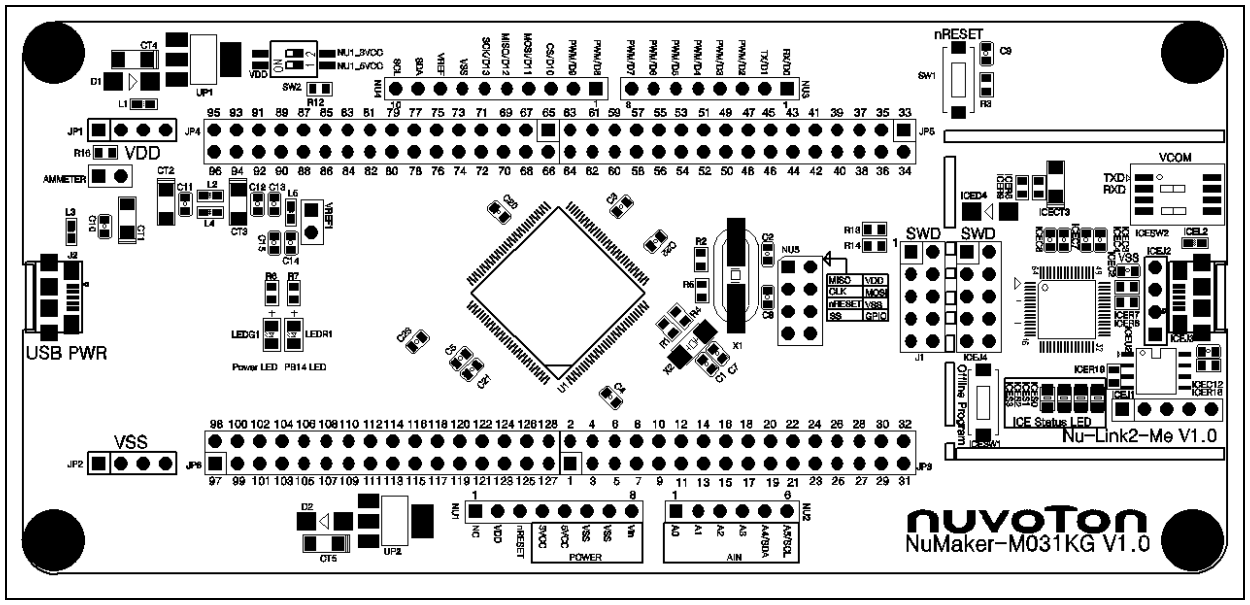


Figure 5-4 Front Placement

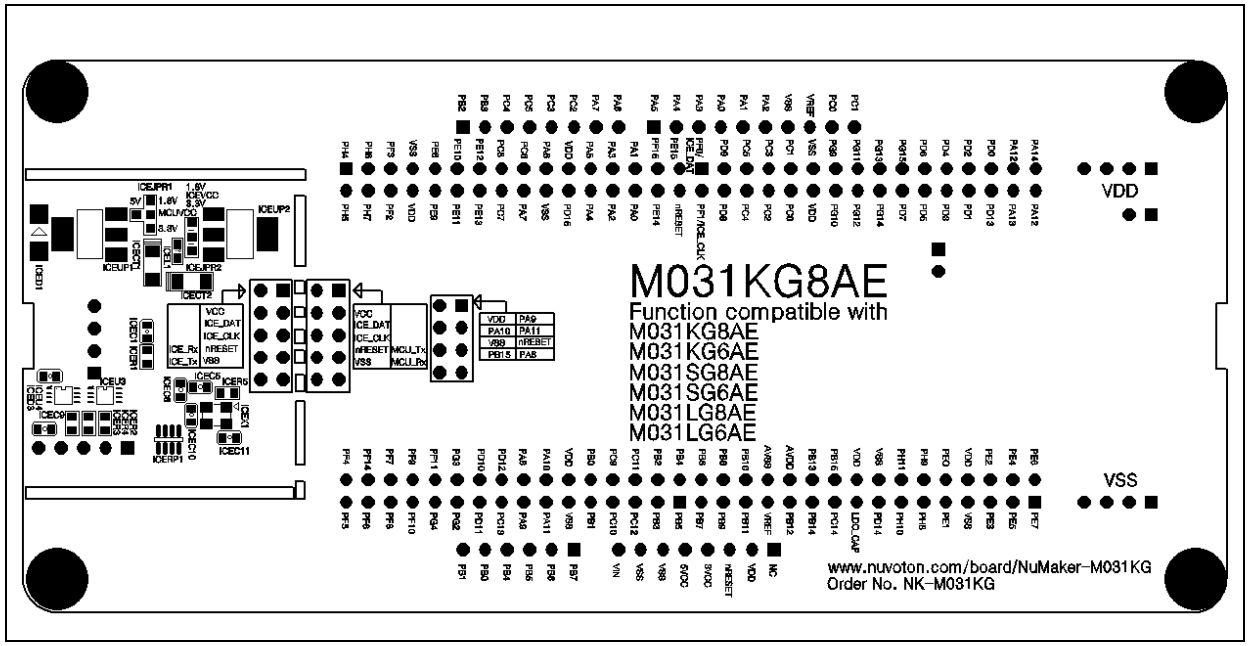


Figure 5-5 Rear Placement

6 REVISION HISTORY

Date	Revision	Description
2020.05.07	1.00	1. Initial version

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